Gettysburg Compiler.

82ND YEAR. GETTYSBURG, PA., SEPTEMBER 5, 1899. NO. 1.

Gettysburg Compiler.

PUBLISHED ON TUESDAY.

C. E. STAHLE, Editor and Proprietor.

Terms—ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS a year, payable in advance. No subscription discontinued unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

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OFFICE on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-house, on the opposite side.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. L. Williams,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, first square, in Spangler building.
May 24, 1892. tf

JOHN B. MCPHERSON. DONALD P. MCPHERSON.
McPherson & McPherson,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office second-story *Star and Sentinel* Building. Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to them. Feb. 11, '98. tf

C. W. Stoner,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG PA.
Office on Baltimore St., on second floor of Columbian Building. Oct. 25, 1892. tf

Wm. Hersh,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office on Baltimore street, opposite the Court-house. Sept. 29, 1893. tf

William F. Dill,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Will give prompt attention to legal business of any nature. Office in Musselman Building, Centre Square. July 27, '99. tf

C. J. Benner,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office in Orr & McKnight Building, Baltimore street. Dec. 18, 1899. tf

WM. MCCLEAN. WM. ARCH. MCCLEAN.
Late Prest. Judge.
Wm. & Wm. Arch. McClean,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Offices—West side of Baltimore street, third door from Centre Square. Jan. 8, 1895. tf

J. L. Kendlehart,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Lately practicing in Philadelphia, has removed to Gettysburg and resumed practice in the several Courts of Adams county. Office on Baltimore street, opposite the Court-house, in the rooms recently occupied by Hon. S. McC. Swope. All legal business promptly and carefully attended to. Jan. 29, 1895. tf

Wm. P. Quinby,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
GETTYSBURG, Adams co., Pa.
(Formerly with Judge Wills)
Office on Chambersburg street, next to Buehler's Drug Store. July 19, '97. tf

Wm. McSherry, Jr.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
GETTYSBURG, Adams co., Pa.
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office opposite the Court-house. Dec. 5, 1894. tf

S. S. Neely,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office on York street, next door to Gettysburg National Bank June 5, 1894. tf

J. L. Butt,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, second door of Spangler Building. Feb. 5, '95. tf

Edward A. Weaver,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office over Amos Eckert's store, northeast corner of the Square, Gettysburg, Pa. Will carefully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. Feb. 15, '97. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal.
OFFICE ON BALTIMORE STREET, near High, Gettysburg, Pa. Sept. 5, 1876. tf

Dr. Henry Stewart,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office and residence on Baltimore St. Special attention paid to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Telephone Call No. 3. Sept. 2 1895. tf

Chas. B. Stouffer, D. D. S.
DENTIST, GETTYSBURG, PA.
OFFICE second-door of *Star and Sentinel* Building. May 5, 1892. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,
HAVING located at EAST BERLIN, Adams county, hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of public patronage. April 12, 1886. tf

Dr. J. W. Tudor,
DENTIST, GETTYSBURG, PA.
OFFICE in Eckert Building, second floor. Odontaunder always on hand for painless extraction. April 10, 1894. tf

Dr. C. E. Eckenrode,
FROM Jan. 1, 1898, charges on artificial teeth will be as follows: Sets formerly $7, now $5; $10, now $8; $15, now $10. All work must positively be satisfactory. Oct. 14, '96. tf

IT'S DIFFERENT

THE NORTH AMERICAN
(PHILADELPHIA)

IT'S DIFFERENT, because it prints all the news, and all the news it prints is true.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because it's bright and brisk, up-to-date and vigorous, but not yellow.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because its only policy is to tell the truth. It has no covert or personal interests to promote. It serves no political ambition, no creed, no class prejudice, no mere partisan purpose.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because it advocates equal taxation and battles against the existing system, which favors the rich corporation at the expense of the farmer, the merchant, the manufacturer and the wage-earner.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because it stands for Republican principles, and makes war upon all who, under the stolen name of Republicanism, are disloyal to those principles.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because it believes manhood and not money should rule. Therefore it upholds the rights of all, as against the aggressive power of the privileged few.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because no boss, no corporation, can control one line of its space.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because it is non-sectarian and broad; every party, every faith, every class, and the workingman equally with the millionaire, gets a fair hearing in its columns.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because it upholds faith in humanity, and the progress of mankind toward higher ideals, larger hopes and better living.

ONE CENT Everywhere

IT'S DIFFERENT. It will continue to be different. Watch The North American and see it grow.

Book Canvassers Wanted.

The Story of the Pennsylvania Germans,
BY
WILLIAM BEIDELMAN,
Of the Northampton County Bar and a Member of the Pennsylvania German Society.

The Public Ledger, Phila., Pa., says: "All will recognize the services done by this author in explaining in plain and unpretentious manner, the historical causes that led to the native, the distinct character of the German emigration in the eighteenth century."

Rev. S. Stahr, D. D., Assistant at Swedish Lutheran Church, Allentown, Pa., writes: "You have done much to vindicate the character of the Germans of this Commonwealth, and to set forth their history in its true light."

Hon. D. B. Brumm, Ex-member of Congress from Pennsylvania, writes: "Every Pennsylvania German family should have a copy of 'The Pennsylvania Germans,' and not only read it but study it."

A. R. Horne, D. D., Editor, National Educator, writes: "Every Pennsylvania German is pleased under everlasting gratitude to you for what you have done, and will do through the instrumentality of this book."

The book contains 230 pages, and will be sent postpaid on receipt of the price of $1.50.

Persons desiring to canvass for the book will be allowed very liberal discount. Write for particulars.

EXPRESS BOOK PRINT,
Aug. 22, 1899. 3t Easton, Pa.

FALLING HAIR RESTORED

by warm shampoos with CUTICURA SOAP, followed by light dressings with CUTICURA, purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures.

This treatment will clear the scalp and hair of crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothe irritated, itching surfaces, stimulate the hair follicles, supply the roots with energy and nourishment, and produce luxuriant lustrous hair with clean, wholesome scalp.

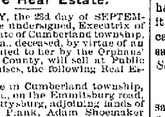
Sold everywhere. POTTER D. AND C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Produce Luxuriant Hair," free.

69 Cents for Nothing.

Just issued, a wonderful catalogue of everything to eat, wear and use. It costs us 62 cents to print and 17 cents to mail each copy.

It's free to all who write for it.

This book contains 304 pages (size 14½x10½ in.), has 10,000 illustrations, and quotes 100,000 articles at wholesale prices to consumers. Here is the book:



This valuable catalogue tells all about Agricultural Implements, Baby Coaches, Bedding, Bicycles, Boats, Buggies, Carpets, Chairs, Clocks, Clothing, Corsets, Crockery, Curtains, Cutlery, Farm Wagons, Furniture, Gloves, Furnishings, Groceries, Harness, Hats, Hosiery, Jewelry, Ladies' Clothing, Ladies' Furnishings, Lamps, Medicines, Men's Clothing, Mirrors, Musical Instruments, Organs, Pianos, Pictures, Portiers, Refrigerators, Sewing Machines, Shirts, Shoes, Silverware, Stoves, Tinware, Tobacco, Towels, Trunks, Underwear, Upholstery Goods, Watches, and thousands of other articles.

With this book in your possession, you can buy cheaper than any dealer.

You can save large sums of money on everything you use, at any season of the year.

Latest market Carpet and Rug Catalogue, and other Catalogue Packages with samples attached are also free. Expressage paid on Catalogue. Freight paid on carpets.

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Preserves

—fruit, jellies, pickles or catsup are more easily, more quickly, more healthfully sealed with Refined Paraffine Wax than by any other method. Dozens of other uses will be found for it.

Refined Paraffine Wax

In every household. It is clean, pure and of odorless use. Write us for a free proof. Get a pound cake of it with a lot of its many uses from your druggist or grocer, everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

ON FRIDAY, the 22d day of SEPTEMBER, 1899, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of HANNAH A. MEALS, late of Huntington township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of said county, will sell the following described Real Estate, viz:

No 1, THE MANSION FARM situate in Huntington township, Adams county, Pa., about 2 miles west of Idaville and 7 miles west of the York Springs and Idaville road, adjoining lands of John A. Gardner, Watson R. Sadler, Alexander Miller, George Rhoes and Joseph W. Bream, containing 202 Acres, more or less, improved with a TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, large new Bank Barn, new wagon shed, new Hog Pen, Smoke House and other outbuildings, a No. 1 Spring of Water at the house, running Water at the barn and running Water in every field, plenty of Apples and other fruit. It is further improved with a good stone tenant House, and also a log tenant House, and a tenancy building known as "Meals' Cross-Roads Creamery," and other desirable improvements. The farm is in a good state of cultivation except about 8 acres, which are suitable for pasture, and is an exceptionally good property in every respect.

No. 2, A Tract of Timberland situate in Latimore township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Simpson Albert, John P. Breese and Levi Brough, containing 8 Acres, more or less, covered with Oak and Chestnut Timber. Said will take place on Tract No. 1 at 1:30 o'clock p. m., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN H. STOCK,
Aug. 29, 1899. ts Administrator.

EXECUTRIX' SALE
—OF—
Valuable Real Estate.

ON SATURDAY, the 23d day of SEPTEMBER, 1899, the undersigned, Executrix of ADAM REILING, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, by virtue of an order of sale granted to her by the Orphans' Court of Adams County, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, the following Real Estate:

A FARM situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., on the Emmitsburg road, 4½ miles from Gettysburg, adjoining lands of Wm. Sites, D. Jr. Lauk, Adam Shoemaker Heirs, John Wolf, James Stansbour and D. Jerome Swartz, containing 141 Acres, more or less, 22 Acres of which are in Timber, improved with a Two-story STONE HOUSE, with a Frame Back-building, a large Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Hog Pen and all other necessary outbuildings, all in good repair, never-failing Water at barn and house, Orchard of Apple, Peach and Pear Trees, land in a high state of cultivation and fences in good order and condition. Persons wishing to see the property will call upon the undersigned, at the premises, who will begin at 1 o'clock, p. m., when terms will be made known by

AMANDA REILING,
Aug 29, 1899. ts Executrix.

A SMALL and VALUABLE FARM
—AT—
PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers his FARM of 39 Acres, situate in Freedom township, Adams county, Pa., a short distance West of Green Mount, on the road leading to Fairfield. The farm is in a high state of cultivation, having been twice limed, with good fences and convenient sized fields and fine orchard. The buildings are good and a never-failing Well at the door. For further information call on or address

A. V. SCOTT,
East Middle Street,
Aug. 1, 1899. 8t* Gettysburg, Pa.

PRIVATE SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

THE FARM, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., on the Emmitsburg road, 2½ miles from Gettysburg, containing 90 Acres, 70 Acres cleared and among it in good repair, and limbed in a good state of cultivation; two never-failing Wells of Water; Fruit of all kinds. I will sell on easy terms, or exchange for a House in Gettysburg. For further information call on or address

S. McALLEN HORNER,
Aug. 22, 1899. 5t* Gettysburg, Pa.

PRIVATE SALE or EXCHANGE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale or Exchange his HOUSE and LOT and STORE STAND at Fairfield station. It consists of a Frame House 22x24, Two-story Store House 16x24, Stable, Buggy Shed, Corn Crib, Well of Water, two Gardens, two Lots of Ground and all kinds of Fruit. Will exchange for a Farm of 60 or 70 acres on easy terms. Apply to

EMANUEL KING,
Fairfield,
Aug. 1, 1899. 2m* Adams Co., Pa.

PRIVATE SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale her PROPERTY, situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, Pa., containing about 4 Acres and 72 Perches, improved with a two-story STONE HOUSE, with a one-story Kitchen attached, Wash House, small Barn and all other necessary outbuildings. A never-failing Well of good Water on the place; also Fruit of all kinds. For further information call on or address

MARIA E. BUSHMAN,
Aug. 8, 1899. 2m* Gettysburg, Pa.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

No. 1, A FARM, 125 Acres, Union Township.
No. 2, A FARM, 105 Acres, Mountjoy township.
No. 3, A FARM, 50 Acres, Mountpleasant township.
No. 4, A FARM and MILL, 95 Acres, Germany township.

Call on or address

WM. McSHERRY,
Atty.-at-Law,
June 20, 1899, tf Gettysburg, Pa.

The Compiler.

Gettysburg, Pa., Tuesday, Sept. 5, 1899.

STONE AND THE SCHOOLS.

The Quay platform commends the Quay Governor for "his policy of reducing the expenditures of the State so that they shall not exceed our income." What the Governor actually did was to illegally cut down the appropriation made for the support of the common schools, whilst leaving untouched past and prospective plundering imbedded in the various items of the appropriation walls. Nothing was saved to the people of Pennsylvania by transferring from the Treasury to their own pockets the burden of school expenditures. On this subject the *Harrisburg Patriot* sharply comments as follows:

Let any one take the trouble to compare the salary list of this Administration with that of Pattison's first term and he will discover why State institutions that formerly were well supported have been deprived of the money they need, and why school appropriations have been reduced to the crippling point. He will learn that to support an army of parasites necessary appropriations to schools and hospitals and charitable institutions have been reduced unconstitutionally. He will ascertain that to pay for the Capitol outrage and extravagances too numerous to mention all public institutions had to suffer.

Two vast items of expenditures the party was asked to meet this year—the salary list and appropriations to public institutions. By reducing one the other could be paid. It could be pleaded that the Governor had not the constitutional power to reduce salaries or remove officeholders who were unnecessary. It was true, however, that the Governor had not the constitutional authority to reduce other appropriations. He spared the salaries and reduced the appropriations to institutions.

Mummasburg Items.

Aug. 28.—There will be Divine Services in the Mennonite church Wednesday evening and Thursday morning.

Susan, wife of Martin Wisler, of this place, died Aug. 24. Her remains were interred in the burial ground at this place on Sunday. Revs. Parrot and Hess officiated. She was aged 61 years, 8 months and 28 days. She was esteemed in this community.

Miss L. Coulson, of Altoona, is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Wisler.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Deardorff, of McKnightstown, spent Sunday with Peter Hart.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Plank, of Gettysburg, and Henry Deardorff, of Flora Dale, were the guests of A. I. Warren last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Deardorff spent several days with friends in Maryland.

Miss Lizzie J. Stahle, of Gettysburg, spent the past week with the family of Jesse Hammer.

Peter Shank and wife, of New Oxford, and Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Shank, of Hanover, were in town Sunday.

Orville Riley and family, of near Gettysburg, spent Sunday with Benjamin Wisler.

Mr. and Mrs. Murray, of Harrisburg, were the guests of J. Frank Harbman, last week.

Mrs. Pitzer, of Altoona, was visiting at this place.

Mrs. John I. Hartman and Mrs. A. I. Warren spent Wednesday with their father, Jacob Mickley, of Goldenville.

Mrs. Elizabeth Rife Brenneman, of Ohio, spent several weeks at this place.

W.

"I CAN'T help feeling sorry for the farmer," said the young man who owes for Summer board. "Why?" inquired Mr. Cornstossel, abruptly. "Because—why—er—because his back is bent with toil." "Mebbe you're right. Mebbe it's harder to bend your back with toil than it is to bend it ridin' a bicycle. Yet, I can't see but what it amounts to the same thing in the end."—*Washington Star.*

"A MUSICIAN out of work, are you?" said the housekeeper. "Well, you'll find a few cords in the wood shed. Suppose you favor me with an obligato."

"Pardon the pronunciation, madam," replied Peripatetic Padrooskv, "but Chopin is not popular with me."—*Catholic Standard and Times.*

Keep Coughing

We know of nothing better to tear the lining of your throat and lungs. It is better than wet feet to cause bronchitis and pneumonia. Only keep it up long enough and you will succeed in reducing your weight, losing your appetite, bringing on a slow fever and making everything exactly right for the germs of consumption.

Stop coughing and you will get well.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

cures coughs of every kind. An ordinary cough disappears in a single night. The racking coughs of bronchitis are soon completely mastered. And, if not too far along, the coughs of consumption are completely cured.

Ask your druggist for one of

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster.

It will aid the action of the Cherry Pectoral.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly obtain, write us freely. You will receive a prompt reply that may be of great value to you. Address

DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

THE TREASURYSHIP.

MR. CREASY SPEAKS TO THE PEOPLE OF ALLENTOWN.

At Allentown on the 26th ult. Mr. Creasy, Democratic candidate for State Treasurer said:

"What are some of these abuses in State affairs that the people talk so much about?

"It has been asserted, and that, too, without contradiction, that the boss of the Republican machine in Pennsylvania has used the funds of the State for his own private gains, and also that his political associates profited in the same manner. Interest money which should have been put into the Treasury, we know, has been used to debauch elections so that the machine could have perpetual power.

"In the past few years eminent men of all parties have on the stump and through the press demonstrated to you how this political machine has looted the State Treasury by padded pay-rolls, unnecessary committee expenses, appropriations for corrupt schemes, unlawful, unfair system of competitive bidding in awarding some of the most important contracts, and in appropriating to itself the interests on the State funds to the amount of two million dollars and over.

"They have shown you the corruption and profligacy of the past Legislatures; they have shown you how a well-filled treasury became bankrupt by this corrupt and pernicious boss system, which has fastened itself on the people; they have shown you that there is an organization running through nearly the whole State government to squander the people's money; and after the loudest pretensions of reform—a few years ago—to-day finds Quayism more emboldened, more profligate and more defiant than ever, even going so far as to oppose the rights of the people by voting amendments to the Constitution of the State, blocking all reform legislation and winding up by striking a blow at one of our most cherished institutions, the "Little Red Schoolhouse," by taking from it, without warrant of law, a million dollars of its much-needed support, thus increasing the taxes on those least able to pay them.

"Mind you, gentlemen, I am not making these charges against Mr. Quay. I am simply repeating them as made by two Attorney Generals of his own party, two ex-Governors, fifty-six Senators and Representatives of the recently adjourned Legislature, one of the greatest merchants in the world, a distinguished divine of the city of Harrisburg, by leading newspapers of New York City, of Pittsburg, of Philadelphia, all advocates of the party in which he claims membership.

"Exposure does not halt him, for in the face of all these things and even his rejection for public office by his own party, he takes his accustomed place in his familiar haunts and says: 'I have made up my mind and I want you, my political admirers and associates, to nominate the men whose names I have just given you in the various exalted positions I have assigned them,' giving as a reason that these men are the friends of the machine and that their selection will make it easier for him to reach the United States Senate in spite of the people who repudiated him.

"In proof of this I call your attention to the Republican Convention held at Harrisburg, where the will of the great boss was carried out to the very letter, and on schedule time.

"This machine, of which I talk, in the last Legislature increased the taxes of the farmers, mechanics, laborers and other real estate over $750,000 per year. It prevented all reforms too in our tax laws, it withheld important reports and gave figures on the revenues to tax committees of the law-making body, vastly at variance from the actual facts; it placed and kept on by unjust means tax laws that are discriminating against the same class of corporations and individuals and out of all proportion to what real estate pays.

"Here, gentlemen, is a tale of crime unparalleled in the history of any State in the Union. You are all familiar with these things, and so is every man in the Commonwealth who can read, and the question now is: Will this reign of corruption and profligacy continue:

"It cannot. It will not.

"The Democratic platform for years has called attention to these abuses in State government, and the one recently adopted by your convention at Harrisburg can neither be misinterpreted nor misunderstood on these issues.

"That platform is plain. It is explicit. It says what it means and means what it says. It is direct and to the point on the issues involved in the campaign we are now commencing. National issues were not touched upon, for the party knew that this was the year to reform, if possible, the abuses that existed within our State.

"Nor were we driven to discuss the splendid victories gained by our soldiers and sailors who bravely held our flag aloft, in order to shield, condone, or even to vindicate a corrupt political machine which has committed upon the people of this grand old Commonwealth innumerable wrongs.

"I would rather be defeated fighting for the principles of such a platform than to be successful and wear the collar of the bosses of the treasury ring, thereby perpetuating the wrongs that have been an affliction on our people.

"I say to you that the battle for Treasury reform has many favorable chances for winning this year, for it cannot be possible that in a great State like ours, noted for its civilization, its schools and other forms of enlightenment, its churches, the honesty and integrity of its citizens, that the people will longer tolerate the hardships imposed upon them by a band of dictators, whose speculations and extravagances have caused all honest people to blush with shame.

"On this platform I was nominated as your candidate for State Treasurer, and, if elected, there will be a general house-cleaning in the Treasury Department, at Harrisburg. The books will be opened and the lid taken off the Treasury."

"As regards the removal of the dams from the Illinois river," said the professor, "They need not be wasted. St. Louis can use them in its vocabulary."—*Chicago Tribune.*

The One Day Cold Cure.
For colds and sore throat use Kermott's Chocolates Laxative Quinine. Easily taken as candy and quickly cure.
For sale by H. S. BENNER

IN THE GOLD FIELDS.

A LETTER FROM SAMUEL J. SMITH.

Samuel J. Smith, who is now in the gold fields at Michipicotan River, Ontario, Canada, writes:

EDITOR COMPILER:—Since my last letter we broke camp and located ourselves on a new field of gold. We are feasting in the Valley of Jehosephat at the extreme end of the Eastern District of Michipicotan gold fields. We have found gold, lead, copper and silver on our present claim; but ere this reaches Gettysburg we will be embarked on another voyage to where free gold is said to be plentiful. We are getting accustomed to all kinds of feathered tribes and different kinds of animals. We had quite an encounter with a black bear last Thursday. We were returning from the Hudson Bay Co. with provision to do us for a week, when Comrade Kappes heard something in the bushes, he being in the advance, with myself in the rear and Comrade Mangan on the right flank, to be called into whatever position Kappes desired the support. In about five minutes we heard the signal gun from Kappes that he had advanced and was going to battle the enemy. Comrade Mangan and I advanced double quick, for well we knew Kappes was busily engaged by the reports of his gatling gun and large navy revolvers. When we advanced and opened with our rapid firing guns it was laughable to behold old brute. He could not turn his head before our guns belched forth his death notes and in ten minutes from the firing of the signal by Kappes old brute was weltering in his gore, and he was by no means a small one. I judge he would clean about four hundred and fifty pounds; so you will see we have enough of bear meat to do us for some time to come. This is a great country for deer, bear and small game like pheasants. We had pheasant and toast to-day; for breakfast we had bear meat and for supper bear meat. We are getting along remarkably well in this country, but, of course, we have nobody to fall out with as our nearest neighbors are five miles from us. Hoping all of our old friends are alive and O. K, I will bid you good-night.

Yours Respectfully,
SAMUEL J. SMITH.

The Name of Barnum.

Charles A. Davis, of Forepaugh's circus, said recently that James A. Bailey had organized a $2,000,000 stock company in London, with Dukes and Earls and Lords as his directors, to take over Barnum's circus, of which there is now little left but the name. Three hundred thousand dollars, he said, would be a fair appraisement of the property, but the good-will is worth at least $1,000,000, and represents nothing but the value of Barnum's name ten years after his death.

"Barnum," he said, "was the greatest showman ever known, and his reputation and popularity were greater in England than in the United States. The English people could never comprehend his methods. His candor mystified them. They were accustomed to all kinds of gilded frauds and fakes, but when he announced that he had a humbug to exhibit everybody laughed and went to see it and advertised it as genuine. He first went over with Tom Thumb in 1843, and captivated the nation. Every time he went afterward his popularity grew. He probably took more gate money from England than any other amusement man that ever lived.

"Buffalo Bill has probably been seen by more human beings than any other professional," continued Mr. Davis, "but his name attached to a show is not worth a cent unless he appears himself. It was the same way with Booth, who was the greatest of actors, and Patti, who is the greatest of singers. A theatrical troop traveling under Booth's name or an opera company under Patti's name, would not draw any more than Buffalo Bill's company without Buffalo Bill. the name 'Barnum' attached to a show is worth a million dollars. It shows the eccentricity of the human nature."

How Lincoln Played Watchman.

James Etter, a doorkeeper in the war department, frequently occupies a chair from which he could not be induced to part, because it was once occupied by Abraham Lincoln when he was president of the United States, although at the time he acted as watchman with a badge pinned on the lapel of his coat. Mr. Etter explains the incident by saying: "One day during the war I was sitting here when a tall, angular gentleman entered the main door and asked if the secretary was in. I told him that it was too early for the secretary to be in his office.

"'At what hour can I depend on finding him here?' he asked. I told him, and with a pleasant 'Thank you,' he walked away.

"Promptly on the hour the tall gentleman ascended the steps, walked in the door, and I was almost struck dumb when he asked me if I would not go into the secretary's room and tell him to step out in the hall. I recovered myself and informed the caller I could not leave my post of duty, and even if I could I did not think the secretary would come out to see him.

"He replied: 'Oh, I guess he will; and as for leaving your post, I will be personally responsible for that. I am Mr. Lincoln, and I will simply take your badge and keep door while you step in for me.'

"Well, I couldn't doubt him, and he pulled off my badge, pinned it on his coat and took my chair, just like an old time watchman.

"A smile played over his face as I left him, and you can rest assured it was not long before he and the secretary were holding a quiet talk in an out of the way corner in the hall."

"WILL one in the class," asked the teacher of rhetoric, "give a better form to the sentence, 'John can ride the mule if he wants to'?" "John can ride the mule if the mule wants him to," said the boy with a bad eye.—*Chicago Tribune.*

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing that it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all other diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on S. J. Codori, Druggist, and get a free trial bottle. Regular size 50c. and $1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded. (3)

Educating Indians.

THE SCHOOL AT CARLISLE—SOME INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT IT.

The establishment of the Indian Industrial School at Carlisle, Pa., marked an epoch in the history of our treatment of the red men. To Major Pratt, the superintendent of this school, belongs the credit of conceiving and so far as possible carrying out the idea that the most effective way of "getting civilization into the Indian is to get the Indian into civilization."

He believes the system which converts the great masses of Europeans from the lowest classes of society, who annually flock to our shores into respectable American citizens will, if applied to the aborigines, produce the same result. He sees no valid reason why the same opportunities and privileges should not be given to the 250,000 Indians as are afforded more than twice that number of immigrants that yearly have opened wide to them our lands and the great boon of citizenship.

Richard Henry Pratt was born in Allegany county, New York. When quite a boy his parents removed to Indiana. His early opportunities for education were no more than those enjoyed by every boy. At the breaking out of the Civil War he enlisted in April, 1861. He was mustered out in May, 1865, as captain in the Eleventh Indiana Cavalry. In 1867 he accepted a commission in the Tenth United States Cavalry and until 1876 was stationed on the frontier in Texas and the Indian Territory. It was here that his convictions in regard to our treatment of the Indians had their origin.

During the Indian war of 1874-75 he had charge of hundreds of Indian prisoners at Fort Sill. Seventy-four of the worst of these were sent in care of Major Pratt to the Spanish fort at St. Augustine, Florida. Though he was their jailer and took them to Florida in chains, his humane treatment of them won their affection, and the survivors even now regard him as their best friend. In accordance with his conclusions, he established schools among them, and, by letting them go out as laborers, brought them into contact with civilized life. The Indians remained in Florida three years, during which time great changes were wrought in them. They even begged to have their wives and children sent to them and to be allowed to remain in the East. But those in charge of the agencies refused to send their families East and demanded that the released prisoners be sent back.

In the spring of 1878, when the prisoners were released, twenty-two of the young men asked to be allowed to remain East to go to school. Seventeen of them were placed in the school at Hampton, which up to that time had been devoted entirely to the education of the colored race, the others in various schools in the East. In the fall of 1878 Major Pratt was sent to Dakota to collect students for the Hampton school, and he brought back forty-nine from the various agencies. He was then detailed to stay at the school till the Indians were used to their new mode of life.

Various considerations led Major Pratt to suggest the establishment of a school especially devoted to the education of Indians, and he named the old barracks at Carlisle as a suitable place for such a school.

In telling of his fight to establish his industrial school, Major Pratt says: "After a struggle of months, in which I was supported by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Interior, it was finally concluded to turn over the Carlisle barracks for the purpose of an Indian school, and an order was issued. I then went to see my chief, General Sherman, who had opposed it. He opposed it because he didn't want to see army officers go on 'old woman's duty,' as he called it, and he was kind enough to say that if the officers of the army persisted in getting off on these special details he would make it his business to see that the corporals and sergeants, who had to perform their military duties in their absence, should get the pay of the absent officers. But as I was under the direction of the Secretary of War I kept on."

And so, on September 6, 1879, an order was issued turning over the Carlisle barracks to the Department of the Interior for an Indian industrial school. Major Pratt was immediately sent to Dakota and the Indian Territory to procure pupils for the school. By the end of October 136 had been collected; Hampton gave up eleven of the former Florida prisoners, and on November 1 the school opened with 147 pupils. Since that time nearly 3,000 different pupils, representing over seventy-five tribes, have attended the school, the largest number in attendance during any one year being 1,080 in 1898.

The aim and purpose of the school has always been to make the Indian a thrifty, industrious, capable American citizen.

Purely theoretical methods find no place at Carlisle, all efforts are directed to giving the boys and girls a practical productive training. To this end each day is divided into two portions, half a day is spent in school and half a day in some one of the various shops.

In the school room the task consists of instruction in English, which is by no means a small part of the work, as many of them can speak nothing but their tribal language when they arrive; writing, arithmetic, geography — in short, work such as is given in our public schools up to the grammar grade. In school work the pupils show a remarkable aptness to learn, considering their previous opportunities. Teachers experienced in teaching before entering the Indian service are universal in their testimony that, with the exception of hesitation at the beginning because learning the English language, Indian pupils are not more limited in their capabilities than white pupils.

In order to make use of the peculiar insight the Indian has into Indian character, and also to give those who wish instruction in the methods of teaching, a normal department is conducted. This has been very effective. The students in this department are given two hours' practice each day. Quite a number of the graduates of this department are now engaged as teachers in the various Indian schools on the reservation. After completing the course at Carlisle the students are encouraged and helped to continue their education in other schools. Quite a number have attended Dickinson College, one winning a scholarship in his freshman year. Another young man is a sophomore at Princeton, earning his own way by waiting on tables and delivering "Princetonians" each morning.

Not only in the school room is effort directed to training the mind of the young Indian. At Carlisle they have reading rooms, and the boys and girls are encouraged to do outside reading and study. There are also literary societies for both boys and girls. An idea of the effectiveness of the work of these societies can be gained by the fact that a team of three debaters from the boys' debating society defeated the representatives of Dickinson in a public debate at which an ex-Congressman, a judge and an eminent minister were judges.

The social life of the pupils is not neglected. The Carlisle school is co-educational, and of course the management of boys and girls who have had no home training is somewhat more difficult than is the case in collegiate institutions having co-education. But the boys are imbued with the proper ideas as to their bearing toward young ladies, and the social instinct is developed by monthly receptions held in Assembly Hall, where the boys and girls are thrown together under the supervision of teachers and instructors. All this has to do with the mental development of the young Indian. But just as much importance is placed upon practical training at Carlisle, and it is the work done in the shops and on the farms that excites the most interest and proves that the Indian can become self-supporting.

Half a day in school and half a day at work is the program for every pupil. The boys are allowed to choose in which of the various shops they will work, and then they must be found regularly at their bench. The principal mechanical arts, such as tailoring, shoemaking, carpentering, blacksmithing, harness-making, tinsmithing, printing, etc., are taught. It is a revelation to visit this school at Carlisle and be shown through the different shops. In one you will see fifteen or twenty boys working with saw and plane, making doors or windows; in the next about the same number of boys seated at sewing machines making coats, vests and trousers; and so through all the shops you will find the Indian boys working with a skill and industry that speaks well for their native ability. Not only do these shops furnish an opportunity for the boys to learn themselves a trade, so as to be in a position to take care of themselves after leaving school, but their existence also materially cuts down the running expenses of the school. The tailor shop has furnished all the clothing for the boys since the school was first established, twenty years ago. The carpenter shop takes care of all repairs and improvements. In a similar manner the other shops make unnecessary the employment of any outside labor to do work around the school buildings.

There are two farms, and those who wish are taught the arts of farming and the care of stock.

For the girls there is a sewing school, in which they are taught all kinds of needle-work; a laundry in which all the laundry of the pupils is done, unless some of the boys wish to have their shirt bosoms immaculate, when they send them to the town laundry. The girls are also taught how to cook and are expected to take care of the sleeping and other rooms.

The printing office is one of the most helpful institutions of the school. The training in the office, even if it does not fit the boys to become expert compositors and pressmen, gives them a knowledge of English and a quickness and aptness that are of incalculable value in after life.

The most characteristic feature of the school is what is known as "The Carlisle Outing System." It is a further carrying out of Major Pratt's idea that the "best way to get civilization into the Indian is to get the Indian into civilization." It means the placing of the pupils of the school among farmers and others during vacation in order that they may learn practically those lessons of civilized life which can only be taught theoretically at school, and incidentally to earn some money for themselves. During the first vacation (1880) places were thus found for six girls and eighteen boys; this number has steadily increased until last year six hundred were out. If the conditions are such as to warrant it the pupils are encouraged to remain out during the winter, and this year about two hundred and fifty did so. It is stipulated, however, in the agreement that they be allowed to attend the public schools in the locality in which they are placed. No pupil is sent unless he first voluntarily expresses a wish so to do, and when he goes he signs an agreement to work faithfully, to be sober and industrious, to spend his evenings at home and to attend church on Sunday.

Practically the "outing system" is a means of the pupils earning money for themselves. Last year the boys made $13,541.30, of which they saved $5,293 61; and the girls' earnings amounted to $8,184 20, of which they saved $3,098 50; making a total earning of $21,725 50 and and a total saving of $8,307.11. The earnings belong to the earner individually. Through a saving system established at the school each pupil has a bank and account book, and by supervision in its use the pupils are taught the value of money.

Major Pratt holds it to be essential that all prejudice of the white man against the red man must be removed before the Indian can measure up to the capabilities which he possesses. The Carlisle school is the publication department of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, and in it they wish the widest publicity given to their school and their methods. It is this desire to have the people become more familiar with the Indian, to learn to know him as he really is, and not as he is pictured by some returned Indian agent who wishes him kept on the reservation that he may continue to grow rich by plundering him, that has led Major Pratt to sanction the organization of base ball and

The Compiler.

Gettysburg, Pa., Tuesday, Sept. 5, 1899.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR SUPREME COURT JUDGE,
STEPHEN L. MESTREZAT, of Fayette

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE,
CHARLES J. REILLY, of Lycoming.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
WILLIAM T. CREASY, of Columbia.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS,
L. H. RICE, of Menallen Township.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
H. G. WEHLER, of New Oxford Boro.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
J. L. WILLIAMS, of Gettysburg Boro.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
PENROSE MYERS, of Gettysburg Boro.

FOR SHERIFF,
F. W. MORRISON, of Straban Twp.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
JACOB F. DEARDORFF, Franklin Tp.
GEO. Y. HEMLER, Mountjoy Twp.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGES,
JOS. M. BUSHMAN, of Cumberland Tp.
DR. GEO. L. RICE, McSherrystown Boro.

FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
STEPHEN HEINER, of Reading Twp.

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,
SAMUEL REINECKER, of Highland Tp.
P. A. T. ROWER, of Butler Twp.

A PLEDGE TO THE PEOPLE.

"IF ELECTED I will regard myself as holding a commission from the people to administer the office for their sole use and benefit, and I will keep my trust.

"I will safeguard the public money faithfully.

"No private or political end shall be served by the deposit or disbursement of a single dollar.

"All interest shall go to the State.

"Political banks or bankers shall receive no favors at my hands with the people's treasure.

"I will regularly publish the places of deposit of every dollar, both of the general and Sinking Fund moneys, with the amounts on deposit in each place.

"I will keep open books and court inquiry from the people as to my stewardship.

"I will deem it my duty to carefully scrutinize every draft upon the Treasury, and will refuse to pay when the justice and legality of the claim are not manifestly established.

"I will observe the law in all respects.

"I will keep my oath."—From Mr. Creasy's speech before the Democratic State Notification Committee.

GAMBLING.

The "shell game" man and the others who usually follow large circuses were in town last Tuesday, as some of our citizens discovered to their sorrow. It is surprising how people, though repeatedly warned, will play in games about which they know absolutely nothing and in which about ten times out of ten they lose their money.

The gambler is not in business for fun, and how people expect to beat him at his own game it is difficult to explain, yet it seems that in every crowd there are those who can be persuaded to play and do play, always losing.

We understand that last Tuesday quite a good many dollars passed hands in this way. Those who lost out of innocence are, of course, entitled to sympathy; but usually innocence has nothing to do with it—to get the other fellow's money being the chief motive, in which case the "victim" is as culpable as the player.

Gambling, we believe, is never justifiable for any purpose. It is wrong in principle and injurious to the player in many ways, even though the game be fair, but about playing with the "shell game" man in his own game there is a feature of the ridiculous, in that everybody knows, or ought to know, that the victim never wins.

THE PRICE OF BEEF.

What is the cause of the recent rise in the price of beef? Is it the result of the inexorable law of supply and demand, or is it due to manipulation by a few men in the West who practically control the supply? Whatever the cause, the fact remains that it takes more money to buy a dinner now than it did a month ago, and the increased cost is a heavy burden upon the great majority of consumers. *The New York World* recently quoted the agent of one of the big packing houses as saying that "the advance in the price of beef is caused by the efforts of American packers to drive Australian beef from the English markets. The consequence is that the export of American beef is very much heavier than ever before. Naturally there is less beef for the home trade, although there are as many cattle for the market as ever." From this point of view it appears that the American people are being taxed several cents a pound on the beef which they consume in order that the Beef Trust may undersell its Australian competitors in the English markets.

There is good reason for the belief that the trust has arbitrarily increased the price of meat simply to swell its profits, and not because it is compelled to do so. According to a dispatch to the *New York World* from Chicago, the receipts of cattle and sheep at the stock-yards in Chicago this year will exceed the receipts in 1898 by nearly a million head. If the *World* is correctly informed, therefore, the trust has no justification, either because of the scarcity or the increased cost of cattle, for raising prices.

In every part of the country consumers are protesting against the advance in the cost of meat, and many of them are not only forced to curtail their purchases, but actually to discontinue them. It is claimed by some retailers that they can sell at a profit the same quality of meat at former prices, but consumers think that this is very doubtful, and say if the charges are no greater now than a month ago, the quality of the meat is open to suspicion. If the trust makes the butcher pay more for his supplies, the butcher must make his patrons pay in proportion. One of the leading Chicago packers says "the home use of meat at the present time is something enormous, and with improved business conditions as to wages and labor will increase." It will not increase, however, when the price of meat is advanced from 25 to 40 per cent. Thousands of families will be compelled to cut down their purchases or to buy an inferior grade of meat. Meantime the Englishman may get the choicest American beef at reduced rates until Australian meat is driven out of the British markets. His American cousins will reimburse the trust for its alleged losses abroad and pay the tax which the Western packers demand as the consideration for introducing American beef in the British Isles.—*Public. Sun.*

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COMPILER.

SEE TO IT THAT YOU ARE REGISTERED. THURSDAY NEXT IS THE LAST DAY.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMittee rooms were opened at Philadelphia on Tuesday last, and it is promised that the work of perfecting the organization, registering the voters and preparing for the election will be vigorously pushed from this time on. It is to be hoped that this promise will be faithfully fulfilled.

With the Democracy united and harmonious as it is; with the dissensions there are among Republicans, and the general disgust there is with the rule of the ring, there should be no trouble in making such a contest as would relieve the Commonwealth from the disgrace of being controlled by a dictator, and from the debauchery that has depleted her treasury and left her charities and schools without adequate support.

It is now stated that District Attorney Millar has fixed September 28 for the trial of the legislative bribery cases. By calling the cases for trial on Thursday the District Attorney will have three days within which to dispose of the jail cases. Ex Senator John J. Coyle, of Philadelphia, will be the first of the alleged bribers called for trial. He is alleged to have offered a bribe of $500 to Representative John Engler, of Lycoming county, to vote for the McCarrell Jury bill. Coyle will be represented by the leading attorneys at the Dauphin county bar, and a determined fight will be made to prevent a conviction.

JOHN R. MCLEAN was nominated for Governor of Ohio at the Democratic Convention in Cincinnati, on Wednesday last. An entire State ticket was selected. The platform declares for silver at 16 to 1 and endorses Bryan for President in 1900. It also opposes imperialism, the Hanna-Payne Shipping Bill, all forms of trusts and any alliance with England. It favors the election of President, Vice-President and United States Senator by direct vote of the people.

York's Centennial.

Some Historical Facts in Which the People of Adams County Will be Interested.

The City of York will devote most of the present week to the celebration of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the city and the erection of York county. The ceremonies began in the churches on Sunday by the delivery of various historical sermons, and each day there will be some striking feature. Among the most notable of these will be the great industrial parade to-day.

York and York county are proverbial for their hospitality, and the whole population of the city is doing its best for the many thousands of strangers who are and will be within the gates. The city is one sea of flags and bunting, arches and banners.

Sunday was devoted to the religious aspect of the celebration, and in almost all the churches of the town the services had a direct bearing upon what is expected to take place during the week.

There are about 100 Lutheran churches in York county, and almost as many Reformed churches. The United Evangelical and United Brethren each have about 50, the Methodist Episcopal about 18, Roman Catholic 6, Presbyterian about 20, Methodist Protestant about 6, Baptist 3 or 4, German Baptists and Mennonites about 20 each, Moravian 1, Episcopal 1, Church of God about 6, Free Gospel 2 and colored people about 6, making a total of about 300 churches in the city and county. In York city alone there are about 40 churches.

When General Washington visited York he worshiped in the Episcopal Church, and stopped at the old inn at Centre Square, now occupied by a dry goods store. The first settlers were Lutherans, but the Reformed Church element, Methodist, Episcopalians, Moravians and Presbyterians quickly followed.

In 1749 York county was erected into a county, being formed out of Lancaster county. It is the oldest county west of the Susquehanna River. The boundary line between Maryland and Pennsylvania was fixed by a commission. York county thus narrowly escaped becoming part of Maryland. The election in 1749 was for a sheriff, the Germans backing Richard McAllister and the Scotch-Irish and Quakers championing James Hamilton. The Germans triumphed by driving their opponents from the poll at York. The Governor refused to recognize McAllister and commissioned Hamilton. The same thing occured the following year and again Hamilton was installed. McAllister then retired in disgust and founded the town of Hanover. The sheriff refused to lend him assistance on one occasion, and for many years McAllister ruled that section without interference. York was settled in 1741, the site being part of Springettsburg Manor.

The principal historical event in the history of York county was the presence of the Continental Congress in 1777 and 1778, when it was compelled to leave Philadelphia. Congress met in the court-house, in Centre Square, which has been turned into a court of honor, with four handsome arches and eight columns. Tom Paine, the noted infidel, was an attaches of Congress, and the house where he put up is still standing and occupied as a dwelling. While Congress was there John Hancock resigned as President and the services of Baron Steuben were accepted. Philip Livingston, a member of the Congress from New York died there and was buried in the German Reformed graveyard. His body still remains. York county furnished five battalions of soldiers during the Revolutionary War, and during the battle of Long Island they met with great slaughter.

After Braddock's defeat the Indians overran the western borders of York county, and what is now Adams county was regarded as the frontier and vigilantly guarded.

When Congress was balloting for a site for the national capital, after the close of the Revolutionary War, Wright's Ferry, at the northern end of the Susquehanna and Tidewater canal, came within one vote of being selected. It was largely through the influence of Alexander Hamilton that York county did not become the District of Columbia. Wright's Ferry is about 10 miles east of York city and about 70 miles north of Baltimore. During the late war it was the farthest eastern point reached by the Confederate Army.

During the war of 1812 York county furnished five companies of militia, who hurried to the defense of Baltimore and fought at the battle of North Point, where some York countians were wounded and others captured.

In 1832 Davis & Gardner, of York, built a locomotive that won the $3,500 prize offered by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company. Davis then became superintendent of the Baltimore and Ohio shops at Baltimore, and was killed by a rail breaking.

During the War of 1861-65 the Confederates, under Gen. John B. Gordon, occupied York for a day or two previous to the battle of Gettysburg. A contribution of $30,000, besides large supplies of provisions and clothing, were exacted from the borough.

West Chester is making extensive preparations for celebrating its Centennial as a borough. The event is to cover three days, October 11, 12 and 13, 1899.

Seeding Wheat.

Late or Early—Timely Suggestion by An Adams County Farmer.

L. W. Lighty, of this county, writes in *The National Stockman and Farmer*:

In Southern Pennsylvania the Hessian fly did considerable damage to the wheat crop during the last few years and not a little interest is aroused as to what can be done to avert a repetition of the disasters of '98 and '99.

In this section of the state the proper time for seeding wheat is considered by the great majority of the farmers from the 10 to 25th of September. Before the 10th is considered early and after the 25th late seeding. Seeding generally begins about August 25th and has as late as Oct. 25th, but the great bulk of seeding is done about the middle of September.

During the fall of '97 the early and medium sown wheat was badly damaged by the fly, while the late seeding escaped. This with the general advice of the agricultural press to seed late to escape the the fly, caused many people who read and think to defer sowing until the latter part of September or the beginning of October. At least only a part of their seeding was done at the usual time. But the result was very unsatisfactory. Conditions were such last fall that the wheat sown before the middle of September germinated well, grew well and was not disturbed by the fly and thus made a splendid plant to withstand the winter. When the later sown wheat came up there was a host of flies ready to pounce on the delicate little plants. It appears that the fly prefers a tender young plant—at least ours did, for the late fields were alive with fly and the weather was unfavorable for growth, thus our late sown wheat went into winter quarters in a very bad condition. We had a very severe winter and the poor sickly fly-eaten plants came out in the spring in the worst possible conditions. Many fields were absolutely taken and were plowed up and sown to oats or planted to corn. The spring brood of fly was large and both early and late were badly infested. The late gave nothing, while the early gave at least a lot of straw and some grain.

My observation, extending over more than a score of years, confirms the idea that the man who has his land in good order when the proper time arrives for seeding or planting and then sows or plants, taking year in and out, will stand about five chances for a good crop where those very early or very late stand one. If we had to consider nothing but the fly late seeding might do well enough, but so often the weather and soil are not right, and we get a poor stand of sickly plants that have no show at all to withstand the severe winter and the spring brood of fly.

I really believe we are safe not to follow too closely the much printed advice "sow late." I feel rather from observation and experience that we can do more to avert much of the damage by having our soil in the best possible condition and seed at the right time and with plenty of available plant food grow a big lusty plant, one that the fly will not like or cannot harm much if she tackles it.

Philadelphia and G. A. R.

A Great Crowd of old Soldiers Made Heartily Welcome.

From the *Phila. Record* of yesterday:

With tattered battle flags flying and tramping to the air of martial music, an army of over 10,000 civil war veterans invaded Philadelphia yesterday, and were welcomed with open arms. They were the first division of the Grand Army host that will hold possession of the city during Encampment week, and by to-day their number will be augmented by the main body of at least 50,000 more veteran boys in blue. A countless throng of visitors accompanies the incoming veterans, and for a week to come Philadelphia will extend its hospitality to a mightier host than was ever before entertained in the city.

Thrilled with enthusiasm, thousands and thousands of people who lined the Delaware River front and filled the big steamboats, ferryboats and other craft down to the tiniest rowboats, voiced in mighty cheers Philadelphia's welcome to the powerful fleet of warships that compose the North Atlantic Squadron, which arrived at the rendezvous, above Chestnut street, at 1.15 o'clock yesterday afternoon, with Admiral Sampson in command. Never before have the people of this city seen such an aggregation of seafighting machines in the harbor of Philadelphia.

Standing in the stream a short distance from shore are flagship New York, the beauty of the navy; the battleships Indiana and Massachusetts, the terrors; cruiser Brooklyn, the speedy sailer, and battleship Texas, the fighter. Besides these huge defenders of the country, which brought fame to the nation by their victories in the Spanish war, the cruiser Detroit arrived later from Boston, and the revenue cutters Gresham from Boston; Manning from Norfolk, and Windom and Algonquin, from Baltimore, also came up and dropped anchor along with the fleet, making an imposing array of white flyers and fighters. To-day, and every day except Friday, visitors will be allowed on all the vessels.

With the opening of the headquarters the Encampment will have its official beginning. The spacious quarters of the general officers in the Continental Hotel will be the centre around which the chief questions of interest in the business of the Encampment will revolve—the election of a Commander-in-Chief and the disposition of the pension question.

Friends of Acting Commander-in-Chief Johnson assert that with the latter's coming there will arrive a healthy boom for his election as Commander-in-Chief, and Colonel Johnson will be urged as a compromise candidate between Colonel Albert Shaw, of Watertown, N. Y., and Major Leo Rassieur, of St. Louis, the two leading candidates.

The calculations of both the leading candidates in reference to the action of the Pennsylvania delegation bide fair to be upset by the boom that has been started for the election of General Charles A. Miller, of Franklin, Venango county, this State, as commander-in-Chief. General Miller will arrive to-day with 100 members of Major Mays Post, No. 220, of Franklin, who will open headquarters at Hotel Waverly and start in to whoop things up for General Miller.

Bendersville Items.

SEPT. 4.—The large straw stack in front of the barn of Mrs. D. G. Sheely, one mile west of town, was burned Sunday afternoon last. By the heroic efforts of the family and neighbors in the use of water the barn was saved. The fire originated from the use of matches by several small boys.

Mr. Stouffer, the bridge contractor, will soon have the new bridge completed north of town.

Michael Irwin and wife, David Slaybaugh and wife, of Shreve, Ohio, were the guests of A. H. Blocher on Sunday.

Quite a number of our people will visit Philadelphia this week on account of the G. A. R. Encampment.

Frank Pensyl, of Altoona, stopped over with his brother, George, in this place, while on his way to Philadelphia.

The schools of Bendersville borough and Menallen township began to-day.

Geo. Minter and family, of Arendtsville, were the guests of G. W. Weaver over Sunday.

M. E. Hanes has gone to his school in Cumberland county.

Work on the water plant began last week and in ninety days we are promised an abundance of water. We shall wait and see. SCR.

For the Compiler.

Young People's Christian Union Grand Rally.

The Young People's Christian Union of the U. B. church, Bendersville charge, Adams county, held a rally at Calvary church, August 29-30, near Hilltown, Pa.

The pastor, Rev. D. Barnhart, called the rally to order. After the singing of "God Calling Yet," from "Best Hymns," Wm. Cullison conducted the devotional exercises.

Election of officers: Pres., Rev. D. Barnhart; V. Pres., Taylor Kime; Sec'y., H. E. Freed; Treas., James Degroft.

Address of welcome, H. E. Freed; response, Rev. O. F. Diller, of Cline's church.

After singing "Marching on to Victory" the rally adjourned with the benediction by Rev. Diller to meet at 1.30 p. m.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.—Singing, "Sweet Peace, the Gift of God's Word." Devotional exercises by E. J. Nagle, of Mt. Carmel church.

Singing, "Never Alone," after which an essay was read by H. E. Freed on "Our Society a Training School." Singing, "Where He Leads I'll Follow."

Discussion of topic by Rev. A. R. Ayers, presiding elder, Carlisle, who said that the Y. P. C. U. stands next to the S. S.

Rev. O. F. Diller followed, saying our talents can be trained in the society, emphasized by Geo. Freed, followed by W. F. Slaybaugh, who contrasted the opportunities of to-day with those of forty years ago.

Rev. W. J. Houck, of Carlisle, then spoke and said the Y. P. C. U. is a good place to train "to do the right thing at the right time."

Solo, Mrs. H. E. Freed, accompanied in chorus by G. W. Biesecker, Geo. A. Carbaugh and Mrs. Alfred Mickley.

Paper, Mary Sheaffer, of Mt. Carmel church, "How Our Society Can Help the Pastor," putting special importance upon having good officers.

Rev. Houck took up the discussion of topic and in a very pleasing manner held his audience for a time, dwelling upon the fact that the pastor needs the prayers of the Y. P. C. U.

Rev. Ayers spoke, giving some helpful suggestions, followed by H. E. Freed, E. J. Nagle, Rev. Diller, Rev. Barnhart and Miss Blanche Soule.

After singing "Let the Sunshine In" the rally adjourned with benediction by Rev. A. R. Ayers to meet at 7.30 p. m.

TUESDAY EVENING.—Anthem by choir. Devotional exercises by Taylor Kime.

"Memory Gem," by Ella Sharrah.

Paper, "Personal Elements in Church Work," by Rev. J. A. McDermad, of Cline's church.

Duet, Mrs. A. Mickley and Miss Annie Biesecker, accompanied by organ and Messrs. Settle, Lady and Chronister with violins.

Discussion of topic by Rev. J. W. Owen, of Chambersburg, saying that always special men have been chosen for personal work. It is our character that tells and not our words.

Rev. Houck followed, saying that no two faces are alike, that should any one try to be like some one else they would not be themselves.

Singing, "Only Remembered By What I Have Done."

Rev. Ayers spoke next, saying that some one always influences us in some way.

Reading by Miss Katie Shultz.

Dialogue, Misses Maud Kump and Grace Sharrah.

Quartette, Messrs. Settle, Biesecker, Carbaugh and Miss Annie Biesecker.

Rally adjourned with benediction by Rev. Houck.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.—Singing, "Throw Out the Life Line." Devotional exercises conducted by Rev. O. F. Diller.

Reading, Miss Mamie Hassler, untitled "Value of Little Things."

Duet, Misses Annie and Lizzie Sheely, entitled "Only a Beam of Sunshine."

Recitation, "The Little Beggar Girl," by Miss Annie Weaver.

Reading, "Our Life's Influence," by Chas. Woll, of Mt. Tabor church.

Trio, Mr. Deardorff, and Misses Smith and Funk, of Center Mills.

Paper, "The Power of Habit," by Miss Blanche Saish, of Cline's church.

Solo, Master Staley Meals, of Center Mills.

Discussion of topic by Rev. J. A. McDermad, saying that habit and the flowing of the blood through our bodies are similar; that the nerve force of our bodies does very much in the forming of habits and we must not forget that there is a soul back of it all. Will-power can overcome habits. Rev. A. R. Ayers concluded the discussion.

Reading, "The Church Walking with the World," by Wm. Cullison, of Calvary church.

Duet, "Leaning on the Everlasting Arms," by Miss Annie Weaver and Staley Meals, of Center Mills.

Discussion of the topic, "Why do Young Men, as a Class, Not Take More Interest in Church Work?" by Rev. W. J. Houck, saying that young men are not made welcome enough in the church; that promiscuous seating will bring in young men.

Rev. Ayers spoke of some of the difficulties in getting young men into the church.

Rally adjourned with benediction by Rev. J. W. Owen.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.—Singing, "Scatter Sunshine." Devotional exercises by Miss Saish, of Cline's church.

Solo, "The Best Friend to Have is Jesus," by Prof. H. J. Taylor, of Arendtsville.

Recitation, "The Widow's Light," by Miss Ethel Meals, of Center Mills.

Duet, Misses Annie and Lizzie Sheely, "Oh, Morning Land."

Paper, "You Develop Unconscious Powers," by Miss Nancy Adams, of Mt. Tabor church.

Discussion of topic by H. E. Freed, Miss Elizabeth Brough and Rev. D. Barnhart.

Solo, "Follow All the Way," by Prof. H. J. Taylor.

Recitation, "Both Hands Earnestly," by Miss Lottie McCans, of Center Mills.

Duet, Misses Funk and Sonle.

Paper, "Christian Citizenship," by Mr. Beam, of Center Mills, giving requirements of becoming a citizen.

Discussion of the topic by Rev. J. W. Owen.

Rev. Diller said a true Christian needs no law to restrain him.

Duet, "Let a Little Sunshine In," by Misses Ethel Meals and Lottie McCans.

Rally adjourned with the benediction by Rev. D. Barnhart.

WEDNESDAY EVENING. — Anthem by choir. Devotional exercises by W. F. Slaybaugh.

Quartette, Miss Mary Sheely, Mrs. A. Mickley and Messrs. Biesecker and Carbaugh, accompanied by Messrs. Settle at the organ, Chronister with violin and Taylor with cornet.

Recitation, Miss Mary Funk.

Solo, Master Staley Meals.

Recitation, Miss Bessie Lightner.

Solo, Miss Faith Bucher, "I'm a Little Pilgrim."

"Memory Gem," Calvin Collison.

Recitation, "I Could Not Do Without Him," by Miss Katie Mickley.

Duet, Miss Mary Sheely and Mrs. Chas. Deardorff.

Recitation, "A Life's Voyage," by Miss Alice Sheely.

Solo, Miss Effie Mickley.

Recitation, "Guilty or Not Guilty," by Miss Ethel Sheely.

Duet, Misses Funk and Smith.

Reading, "Prodigal Son," by Clarence Heighes.

Solo, "In That City," by Miss Blanche Soule.

Paper, "Money and the Gospel," by Miss Elizabeth Brough, of Biglerville.

Address by Rev. Owen on topic, saying that our pocketbook should have two parts, one for the Lord and one for ourselves, and be sure not to fail in tithes.

Rev. Diller spoke on requirements of employing missionaries.

Chant, "Awake My Soul in Joyful Lays," by Mrs. A. Mickley.

Recitation, "The Little Pink Box," by Miss Carrie Degroft, of Calvary church. After reciting the plea for money in the poem she passed through the audience with the pink box, and with its contents and subscriptions $65.56 was raised.

Talk was the first rally held by the Bendersville charge. The societies are only about six months old, but by the kindness of the community and personal friends and the good representation of all the appointments on the charge, the Y. P. C. U. Rally was a grand success and much good seed cast forth which will be shown in future work.

After the singing of "God Be With You Till We Meet Again" and the benediction by Rev. J. W. Owen the rally adjourned with best wishes to all.

H. E. FREED, Sec'y.

The Western Maryland.

The *Balto. Sun* of Saturday states:

Senator Stephen B. Elkins, who was expected in Baltimore yesterday to confer with his associates, ex-Senator Henry G. Davis and Mr. Thomas B. Davis, relative to the position to be taken by the West Virginia Central and Pittsburg Railroad in the event an offer was made for the city's holdings in the Western Maryland Railroad, was delayed and telephoned that he would arrive in the city to-day.

No new developments occurred yesterday relative to the New York syndicate. The move to make an offer for the city's interests has stirred up general attention in railroad circles, as it is felt that the Western Maryland Railroad offers one of the few if not the only remaining opportunity for a new trunk line to reach a tidewater terminus.

It is understood that besides the West Virginia Central interests, the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, which has important traffic relations with the Western Maryland, is also closely watching the outcome of the present movement.

The sixth annual session of the Central Pennsylvania Bible Conference will be held in Carlisle this week.

HENRY C. WHITING, a professor at Dickinson College and Treasurer of the institution, has entered suit of $20,000 damages for libel against the *Herald* Printing and Publishing Company of Carlisle.

"Have by some surgeon thylock on thy charge to stop his wounds lest he do bleed to death." People can bleed to death. The loss of blood weakens the body. It must follow that gain of blood gives the body strength. The strengthening effect of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is in large part due to the action on the blood-making glands and the increased supply of pure, rich blood it produces. It is only when the blood is impoverished and impure that disease finds a soil in which to root. The "Discovery" purifies the blood and makes it antagonistic to disease. When the body is emaciated, the lungs are weak, and there is an obstinate lingering cough. "Golden Medical Discovery" puts the body on a fighting footing against disease, and so increases the vitality that disease is thrown off, and physical health perfectly and permanently restored. In two much abused words who were hopeless and helpless, and had tried all other means of cure without avail.

Twenty-one one-cent stamps to cover expense of mailing only will obtain a copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, in paper cover. Send thirty-one stamps if cloth binding is preferred. Address Dr. R. G. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

ROBERT C. ORNDORFF, son of the late Mayor William F. Orndorff, of Hagerstown, was arrested Wednesday at Reading, Pa., on the charge of attempting to shoot his bride of a few months, and held for a further hearing. The marriage was the outcome of a Spanish-American War incident. Orndorff was a soldier at Camp Meade, in the First Maryland Regiment, and accidentally shot himself in the foot. He was sent to St. Joseph's Hospital, where he met Sallie Bueskirmunger, and they fell in love with each other. Finally they were married. Orndorff denies that he tried to shoot his wife.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portions of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucuous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

ALBERT C. HOPKINS, who during the Messiah craze in Boston and Five Ridge agencies in 1890 attained notoriety by appearing among the excited Sioux and announcing himself their Messiah, has been adjudged insane.

"Now good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both."

If it doesn't, try Burdock Blood Bitters.

D. T. HALLOCK & SONS, of York, capitalized at $900,000, will erect large shops at York for the manufacture of agricultural machinery.

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At any drug store.

JOHN EBERT, the first engineer to take a locomotive West out of Chicago, died Sunday night aweek. He went to Chicago in 1842, taking with him the first engine to leave the East. It was named the Pioneer, and is now on exhibition in the Field Columbian Museum.

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

THE launch factory at Safe Harbor, Lancaster county, which has been idle for some time, will be started in a short time. Two carloads of machinery and tools of stock have already arrived at Safe Harbor. The factory will give employment to over one hundred hands.

No need to fear sudden attacks of cholera infantum, dysentary, diarrhœa, summer complaints of any sort, if you have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the medicine chest.

SIR MOSES EZEKIEL, of Rome, Italy, the well-known sculptor, is visiting in Cincinnati. During the civil war in this country he was a member of the cadet corps of the Virginia Military Institute, and took part with the corps in the battle of Newmarket.

SIGNOR MARCONI, of wireless telegraphy fame, is so visit this country this month.

A 4,000 POUND steer, the heaviest in the State, is owned by John Shillow and Christian Shultz, of Lancaster county.

Local and General.

Two valuable cows belonging to Andrew Shanebrook, of Penn township, York county died Tuesday from the effects of eating too much green corn. The cows had broken into the corn field and gorged themselves with the juicy fodder.

Mrs. Philip Redding, of Cumberland township, who is in her 90th year, is, we understand, improving from a severe illness.

Blue Mountain peaches are selling at from 90 cents to $1.00 a peck.

Mrs. George Culp, of Cumberland township, who is in her 97th year, is said to be the oldest woman in our county.

Some time during last Thursday night thieves entered the cigar factory of A. F. Hostetter, Hanover, and stole a bale of fine Sumatra tobacco, containing 168 pounds, valued at $500.

Jacob A. Leppo, of Union township, who several weeks ago fell from a pear tree by the breaking of a limb, a distance of about 25 feet, by which he sustained severe bruises and sprains, is, we understand, able to again attend to his work.

J. A. Thomas, of Hamilton township, raised and sold 185 young pigeons during the month of August. Hard to beat.

Sheriff Seibert, of Washington county, Md., has levied on the South Mountain Electric Railway Company, on executions amounting to over $5,000.

Carl Erdmann, of Baltimore street, Hanover, while on a visit to his farm near New Oxford, this county, Tuesday afternoon, was bitten severely by a dog owned by H. Stallsmith, his tenant farmer. On Mr. Erdmann's arrival at the house he found no one at home, but a large dog dashed out from under the porch and attacked him savagely, biting him in the left leg and right hand. Mr. Erdmann defended himself as best he could, and finally got the dog by the throat, almost strangling the beast. When he let go of him he renewed his attack, but was beaten off. The noise brought the farmer, Mr. Stallsmith, from the barn, he having just returned from a field, and the dog subsided under his master's command. Mr. Erdmann's leg is severely bitten, but it is hoped no serious results will follow.

Ex-Speaker Reed last Friday assumed his new duties as the head of the firm of Thacher, Simpson & Barnum, with offices at No. 10 Wall street, New York.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES

should always be kept in the house for the following reasons:

FIRST—Because, if any member of the family has a hard cold, it will cure it.

SECOND—Because, if the children are delicate and sickly, it will make them strong and well.

THIRD—Because, if the father or mother is losing flesh and becoming thin and emaciated, it will build them up and give them flesh and strength.

FOURTH—Because it is the standard remedy in all throat and lung affections.

No household should be without it. It can be taken in summer as well as in winter.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

PUBLIC SALE
Valuable Real Estate.

ON SATURDAY, the 9th day of SEPTEMBER, 1899, the undersigned, Administrators of the Real Estate of the late Real Estate of JACOB HARTMAN, late of Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, will offer the following Real Estate on the premises, described as follows:

No. 1. A TRACT OF LAND situate in the town of Mummasburg, fronting on Main street, adjoining lands of John J. Hartman, a private alley and Tract No. 2, containing 2 Acres, more or less, with and including a new Two-story FRAME HOUSE, Barn, Blacksmith Shop, and all other necessary outbuildings. Two Wells of Water, one at the house and the other at the barn. The buildings are all in excellent condition and the property is pleasantly situated in a desirable locality. The land is in an excellent state of fertility and this property is desirable in every respect. It is also improved with a good Apple Orchard, Grapes and other Fruit.

No. 2. A Tract of Land situate in the same town, adjoining lands of David H. Bonderoff, Charles E. Staples, Peter Eichelberger and Tract No. 1, containing 18 Acres, more or less, improved with good Fencing and is in an excellent state of cultivation.

No. 3. A Tract of Land in the same town, adjoining lands of Mrs. Lizzie Orner, Mr. Hartman, John J. Hartman, containing 4 Acres, more or less, improved with good Fencing and is in an excellent state of fertility.

No. 4. LOT OF GROUND in the same town, adjoining lands of Aaron Shank, Lucy Wilmore and others, containing 7 Acres, more or less, improved with a good Dwelling House and good side of cultivation.

No. 5. A Tract of Mountain Timberland situate in Menallen township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Joseph Orner, Mr. Hafer and others, containing 11 Acres, more or less, covered with Chestnut and Pine Timber, and is easy of access.

The above properties in and around the town of Mummasburg will be offered as a whole or in parts and sold in such a manner as will be most satisfactory to the estate. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m., on Tract No. 1. Tract No. 1 will be sold on Tract No. 1. Attendance will be given and terms made known by

J. FRANK HARTMAN,
Administrators and Trustees.

Aug. 15, 1899. ts

Assignee's Sale
—OF—
Valuable Merchandise AT McKNIGHTSTOWN.
To Be Sold at Less Than Cost.

THE undersigned, Assignee of C. T. LOWER AND WIFE, will sell at the Store of Cooper, consisting of

DRY GOODS, Notions, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware, Queensware, Drugs, Oil Cloths, Nails, Overall, Pants, Coats, Hunting Coats, Calicos at 2 cts. per yard. Delaine at 4 cts. a yard. Gingham at 4 cts. and below Cost. Groceries of every kind.

Come quick and secure bargains.

SALE TO COMMENCE SATURDAY EVENING at 7 o'clock and goods are closed out.

JNO. C. LOWER,
Aug. 22, 1899. tf Assignee.

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE.

ON WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER, 6th, 1899 at 1:30 o'clock, p. m., the undersigned will offer at Public Sale a desirable TRACT OF LAND containing between 7 and 8 Acres, situate near Little Round-Top at Sedgwick along the Taneytown road, 2½ miles South of Gettysburg, adjoining lands of D. D. Sowers, Jacob Group, John McAllister and opposite the Sherfy farm. It is now in a state of cultivation and produces as much per acre as any land in Adams county. An abundance of choice Fruit, Apples, Pears, Peaches, Quinces, etc., almost all in bearing condition. Terms made known on day of sale.

E. D. HUGHES,
J. M. Caldwell, Auct. Aug. 8, 1899. ts

FOR SALE.
Desirable Real Estate in Gettysburg.

THE EPISCOPAL REFORMATORY PROPERTY fronting 86 feet on east side of Baltimore Street, with LARGE BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, STABLE, etc.

ALSO, THE EPISCOPAL CHAPEL LOT, fronting seventy-five (75) feet on Carlisle Street, running Seventy-five feet, adjoining lot of Rev. Edward Breidenbaugh. These are eligibly situated and desirable lots of elevation into several lots for building purposes.

For terms inquire of
WM. & WM. ARCH, McCLEAN
JOHN M. WARNER.
Mar. 21 1899. tf

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.

JACOB WOLFE'S ESTATE. — Letters of administration on estate of JACOB WOLFE, late of Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, she hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MRS. MARY A. POTTORFF,
CHRISTIAN SHULTZ, Executors.
Aug. 15, '99. 6t* Administratrix.

FEMALE MAIL.

That sounds more contradictory than it is, when attention is called to its being a description of the largest mail received by any man in the United States exclusively from women. This "female mail" is received by Dr. R. V. Pierce, the celebrated specialist in women's diseases, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

It is only fair to say that it is not the man that women write to, but the doctor. One of the remarkable features of this correspondence is that after a cure has been effected, grateful women continue to write to Dr. Pierce, being thankful for health and for the kind and fatherly advice, which was blended with the physician's counsel, and which was so helpful in preserving the health when regained.

The offer of a free consultation by letter is extended by Dr. Pierce to every sick and ailing woman. Every letter received is read in private, answered in private and its contents treated as a sacred confidence. To exclude any third party, from the correspondence, all answers are mailed in a plain envelope, bearing upon it no printing or advertising whatever. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, the great remedy for female troubles, irregularities, debilitating drains, inflammation and ulceration, is for sale by all dealers in medicine. Accept no substitute which may be recommended as "just as good" that the dealer may make a little extra profit.

**Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes Weak

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Son,

BURG, PA.

NEE'S SALE

—OF—

Estate & Personal Property

Y, The 23d day of SEPTEM-
e undersigned, Assignee in
Lower, of Cumberland
ringvalinable Real Estate and

ct situate in Franklin town-
ty, Pa., along the road lead-
ch-ing's Chambersburg
Eight-Stone Station, 1 mile
Hilltown, adjoining lands of
e, Wm. Beardorff,
. C. B. Wade and others,
res, more or less, improved
ory DWELLING
the Barn, large Hog Pen and
ngs, Well of Water at the
Water is forced into the barn, two
ng Water through the farm.
This farm is under excellent
Perfect state of cultivation,
ts condition in every respect,
located to schools, churches,
mile of the W. M. R. R. and
station. There is an Orchard
ty Apples and other Fruits.
LAND in the tower of Mc-
burg 120 feet, more or less,
A Chamberslurg turnpike,
e Heirs of Jacob F. Lower,
ns of Rebecca Harnish and
e 2 Acres, more or less, the
excellent Two-story BRICK
Kitchen, large Frame Barn,
ted Orchard of Apples. This
ularly desirable to any per-
operty for a residence with
ocated to Keep a few cows

of Land situate on the same
public alley south of the
hambersburg turnpike, the
John McKnight and in Mc-
ation, Tract No. 3 and land of
ing 5 Acres and 5 Perches,
wood fencing and in a high
n and is particularly desir-
the vicinity of the town
ands, or land for other pur-

Mountain Timberland situ-
ownship, Adams county,
nds of Calvin Pepple, John
containing 14 Acres, more
ith unfailing and valuable Chest-
ble for rail and post making.
Mountain Timberland situ-
ownship, adjoining Baltzley
Barnhart, Spangler and
9 Acres, more or less, cov-
chestnut sprouts.
vided one-half interest in a
Timber land situate in the
adjoining lands of David
penta, Jacob F. Beardorff, A.
others, containing 15 Acres,
ered with young Oak and

e time and place, 4 Head of
Head Bay Mare, 7 years
ronably adapted for driv-
a trotter and can show a
She has been trained to
ide for general family use.
e years old, a good looker
e. One a fine Bay Mare 5
ands and driving and
One a fine Bay Horse
eleven miles better than 2.40
ise to drive; 4 head of fine
ns, that will weigh 150 lbs.;
Timothy Hay in the barn,
e set single harness, good
ng buggies, one brand new,
as new, Portland cutter,
ing stoves, Refrigerator, Ice
Household Furniture, con-
parlor piano, Estey organ, 2
ove a Home Comfort for
Bottled cider and stone,
and 5 Cwts. curry combs,
mined and jarred fruit and
mentioned. Sale to com-
o'clock, m. on Tract No. 2
on Timberland, at will also be
dance will be given and
ms by

JOHN C. LOWER,
Assignee.

on for Charter.

y given that an application
to the Governor of the State
E, TUESDAY, SEPTEM-
Wm. Mehring, J. W. C.
Farner, H. C. Sanders, Wm.
L. Mellhenny, Sam'l J. Eag-
ance I. M. Fahnestock, W. C.
J. Lake Kendelhart, Howard
Noon, Kate Bigham, Mon-
ers, J. Buehler, David M.
Mrs. Kate Wolf, S. M. M.
Codori, Martha O'Neal,
Margaret McClean, under
ter of June 26, 1895, of the
Pennsylvania, entitled an
Act entitled a supplement
April twenty-ninth, one
ndred and seventy-four,
ovide further incorporation
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intended corporation to be
burg Drainage Company."
object whereof is the con-
treatment of sewage, culverts,
s, with all powers, rights
furtenance, under said Act
the health, comfort and
benefit and sanitary im-
Borough of Gettysburg,
nsylvania, and for these
ses and enjoy all the
privileges of the said Act
ssigned.
WM. McSHERRY,
Solicitor.

EE'S NOTICE.

given that I, H. WALTER
ip, of Franklin township,
Adams county, Pa., have
ing under the name
ess of voluntary
their estate to the
ng in Gettysburg, for the
and for the benefit of
ors; and as the Assignee pro-
property and settling his
ts, now in compatible
ests of the creditors, he desires
ll at their earliest convenience,
immediate payment.
JOHN C. LOWER,
Assignee.

The Compiler.

Gettysburg, Pa., Tuesday, Sept. 5, 1899.

Personals.

—Jonas B. Eicholtz, of Nachusa, Ill., paid us a pleasant call last week. He is spending some time with his sister, Mrs. Sarah Rex, of Biglerville, and other friends in the county. Mr. Eicholtz's father began his subscription to the COMPILER sixty-five years ago and it has been in the family ever since. Mr. Eicholtz tells us that he has never missed a copy.

—Rev. Dr. T. C. Billheimer and son, Rev. Stanley Billheimer, of Washington, and Rev. E. E. Blint, of Littlestown, have returned from their European trip.

—Dr. E. J. Wolf preached in Grace Lutheran church, Baltimore, on Sunday in place of Dr. Fress, the pastor, who took part in the York Sesqui-Centennial services.

—Webster C. Weiss, Grand Regent of the Grand Council of the Royal Arcanum, accompanied by his daughters, of Bethlehem, spent some time in town last week. While here he met the members of the local council to discuss and make the preliminary arrangements for a meeting to be held by the Grand Council in Gettysburg in May, 1901.

—Rev. Roland Crist, of Welsh Run, and Miss Helen E. Webster, of Auburn, N. Y., spent last week with Mr. Dorsey Dougherty and wife.

—Norman and Chester Ziegler, of Philadelphia, and Bar Harbor, Me., respectively, spent last week with their parents, E. M. Ziegler, Esq., and wife, of Straban township.

—Ezra D. Buckey and wife, of Springfield, Ohio, who are visiting friends in Maryland and Pennsylvania, spent Saturday with W. S. Duttera and family.

—On Thursday, Sept. 14th, at 9 a. m., Miss Carrie A. Ogden will be quietly married at the home of her mother, Mrs. Wm. Ogden, to Rev. H. D. Shimer, of New Kingstown, Pa.

—Among those attending the G. A. R. Encampment in Philadelphia this week are Amos Deatrick, William H. Frock, Capt. S. H. Eicholtz, S. McAllister, Philip Houck, Hon. Theo. McAllister, N. G. Wilson, P. Tawney, Washington Irving, S. Mc. Horner and David McConaughy, Esq.

—Rev. and Mrs. D. W. Woods have returned from a three weeks' visit to Lewistown, Chicago, Detroit, Niagara Falls and a trip over the Great Lakes.

—Leo F. Stock left on Sunday for Pittsburg, where he has accepted a position as Professor of English in the Pittsburg "College of the Holy Ghost."

—T. J. Stable, wife and daughter, Miss Louise, are attending the Sesqui-Centennial exercises in York.

—Hon. and Mrs. R. William Bream are attending York's Sesqui-Centennial this week.

—Rev. A. R. Steck has returned from Stewartsville, N. J., where he has been spending his vacation.

—Mr. and Mrs. Guyon H. Buehler have returned from a visit to Atlantic City.

—A. Danner Buehler has returned home from a visit to Brooklyn, N. Y.

—Miss Ida Grenoble, who has been spending the summer in Freeport, Ill., has returned to Gettysburg.

—Harry Grenoble, of Cumberland, Md., is spending some time here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Grenoble.

—Hanson Peffer, who has been working at his trade, carpentering, in Baltimore, spent a few days here last week.

—Miss Ruth Stine spent some time with Miss Abbie Taughinbaugh in Hunterstown last week.

—Mrs. Harry B. Sefton and sister, Miss Rosie Fissel, are spending some time in York.

—Miss Annie Danner has returned home after spending a few weeks in Emmitsburg.

—Mrs. M. E. Doll, who has been here on an extended visit to her sisters, the Misses Danner, will return to her home in Frederick this evening.

—Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Weaver spent a few days in Littlestown last week.

—Mrs. Ella Wambaugh and son, Russel, of Glen Rock, Pa., are the guests of Mrs. Anna M. Miller, E. Middle street.

—Edmond Clement, of Salisbury, N. C., is spending some time with his aunt, Mrs. L. D. Wine.

—Miss Anna Welty, left Thursday to take up her duties as teacher of English and Latin in the York City High School.

—Misses Grace Ziegler and Anna Hollebaugh are visiting in York.

—Rev. and Mrs. H. C. Alleman, who have been spending some time at Mountain Lake Park, Md., returned to Gettysburg last week.

—George W. Loudon, of Altoona, spent several days here last week. He was accompanied home by his wife, who has been here for some time.

—Miss May Belle Diehl has returned home from a visit among friends in Hagerstown.

—Mrs. Edward Caldwell, of Boston, spent a short time with Mrs. J. E. McCammon last week.

—Miss Bessie Shields has returned from a visit to York.

—J. C. Lessig, of Cumberland, Md., is in town with friends.

—Mrs. Ellis and son, of Ellicot City who have been spending some time in town, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Penrose Myers, have returned to their home.

—Mrs. Frances Walter and daughter, Miss Cornelia, have returned after an extended visit among friends in Saint Michael, Talbot county, Md.

—Miss Winnie Schriver, of Union Mills, Md., who has been the guest of Miss Virginia O'Neal, has returned home.

—Mr. H. C. Annan and daughter, Miss Mabel, of Beloit, Kans., are the guests of Rev. and Mrs. Chas. H. Huber.

—Mrs. S. Mc. Swope and son, Donald, are attending the Sesqui-Centennial Exercises in York this week.

—Geo. W. Kensil and wife, of Philadelphia, spent part of their honeymoon with Mrs. Braunreuter, at the Battlefield Hotel, last week.

—Rev. L. L. Sieber and son, Luther, have returned from a trip to Ocean Grove and Philadelphia.

—Miss Ethel Billmyer, of York, spent last week with Miss Cornelia McKnight at Meadow Valley Farm.

—Miss Malin, of Philadelphia, who has been spending the summer at Meadow Valley Farm, returned to her home yesterday.

—Miss Cornelia McKnight left to-day for a visit among friends in York.

—Miss Effie Davidson, after spending some time with her brother, George Gordon, returned to her home in Brooklyn, N Y., last week.

—Mrs. Harry Cunningham and son, Arthur, are visiting the former's sister, Mrs. Rev. H. C. Bixler, at Manchester.

—Mrs. Mary Jenkins and children, of Philadelphia, who have been the guests of Mrs. Chas. Stallsmith, returned home Saturday.

—Mrs. Samuel Birely and daughter, of Thurmont, Md., spent Sunday with W. S. Duttera and family.

—Misses Borgia and Dessie Lawrence, of Littlestown, are visiting F. M. Fox and family.

—Mrs. D. M. Wolf and son have returned from an extended visit at the Blue Mountain House, Pen-Mar, and to Mrs. W's. home in Carroll county, Md.

—Chas. Schleich, wife and sister, have returned to their home in Philadelphia.

—Mrs. H. C. Sanders and her guest, Mrs. Killgore, of Louisville, Ky., are attending the G. A. R. Encampment in Philadelphia.

—Mrs. Louis Weigand left yesterday for Elkridge, Md., where she will be the guest of Mrs. Coates.

—Mrs. Harriet Toot, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. McFall, of York, returned to Gettysburg Saturday.

—Miss Mary Altdoff, of this place, is spending the week with relatives in York.

—Edward W. Welty and two daughters, Misses Ola and Elsie, of Valparaiso, Indiana, spent last week with Thad. Welty and family.

—Kenton Culp, of New York, spent Sunday in Gettysburg with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Culp.

—Mrs. T. T. Tate is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Givler, in Philadelphia.

—Rev. Dr. T. J. Barkley is spending a short time at Graeffenburg.

—Mrs. Edward Culp is visiting friends in York.

—Mrs. Maria Meals is the guest of friends in York.

—Dr. and Mrs. John Foreman, of Emmitsburg, spent Sunday here.

—Miss Annie B. Codori has returned to St. Joseph's Academy, Emmitsburg, to resume her studies for the winter.

—Misses Bessie and Ella Toot are in York.

—Mrs. John A. Himes and daughter, Mary, have returned from Maytown, Pa., where they visited Rev. and Mrs. Seebach.

—Mrs. Baugher and daughter, Miss Bessie, are in York.

—Miss Hattie Sanders, of Gettysburg, who is now residing in Philadelphia, will return in the near future.

—John S. Forney has returned from Allisonia, Va., where he was the guest of his brother, David Forney. He was accompanied home by a niece.

—Dr. P. M. Bikle and sons will return from Mifflinsburg to-morrow.

—Dr. and Mrs. Geo. D. Stahley and Miss Young are expected to return to Gettysburg to-morrow. They have been spending the summer in Easton, Cold Springs Harbor and Wilkesbarre.

—Miss Cora Auners leaves this week for Germantown, where she will teach during the winter.

—Mrs. Emma J. Dill left for Prescott, Wis., on Saturday to attend the wedding of her son, Dr. Geo. Dill.

—Rev. J. F. Seebach, of Maytown, spent part of last week with his father-in-law, Prof. Himes.

—Miss Mary Suesserott, who has been spending some time with Rev. and Mrs. H. C. Alleman, returned to her home in Newtonville, Mass., this morning.

—Miss Ella Crawford and nephew, Wm. Driscol, of Baltimore, who have been the guests of the Misses Crawford, Carlisle street, returned home this morning.

—Miss Anna Hollebaugh is visiting in York.

—The Misses Bray, of Chester, Pa., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Musselman.

—Miss Lauterbach, of Leipsic, Germany, who has been chosen as teacher in conversational German and French in Irving College, Mechanicsburg, is spending some time with Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Richard.

—Rev. and Mrs. Edgar G. Miller, of Ashland, Pa., are visiting Dr. and Mrs. M. Valentine.

—Misses Margaret and Lilly McClean are visiting their sister, Mrs. Richards, in Allentown.

—Miss Kate Hersh, of Baltimore, is the guest of her uncle, James Hersh.

Property Sales.

PIUS A. MILLER, administrator of the estate of Adam Shoemaker, deceased, on Saturday sold the property on Carlisle street occupied by Dr. T. T. Tate to Peter McCavitt for $2,150; also a tract of timberland in Hamiltonban township, containing 4 acres and 142 perches, to Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal at $5 per acre. The farm situate in Cumberland township and the store building on Carlisle street were withdrawn and will likely be sold at private sale.

Joseph C. Redding last Thursday bought the Sandoe place in Cumberland township along Marsh creek, 144 acres, for $4,800 cash.

E. C. Stough has sold at private sale his two-story frame dwelling house at the edge of New Oxford to W. R. Stambaugh, of York county, for $1,200.

Milton D. Feiser, of New Oxford, has purchased the old Kehm residence opposite the High School building, on Philadelphia street, from the Kehm heirs at private sale.

George Sneeringer has purchased from the executors of the estate of Pius Funk, deceased, the home farm, near Littlestown, for $5,100.

Mizell and Krug have purchased the George Weaver farm in Straban township, 156 acres, at $16 per acre. They have also purchased a 6 acre tract of timberland in Straban township, from D. Dicks Schriver, administrator of estate of Geo. C. Lower, deceased, at $33.75 per acre. They have also made a recent purchase of 400 acres in Franklin county.

The real estate of Peter Nagle, deceased, in Abbottstown, was sold at public sale; the residence to his son, George Nagle, for $500; the other plat, improved with a house and two-story workshop to Mrs. M. G. Nagle, for $395; the farm was sold to John Reichert, the present occupant, at $27.85 per acre.

Frederick Lillich has purchased the farm of Jesse Masemer in Hamilton township, 108 acres, at $30.60 per acre.

On Friday D. Dicks Schriver, administrator of the estate of Geo. C. Lower, deceased, sold 10 acres of timberland in Franklin township to Hon. William A. Martin at $25 per acre, and the farm in Straban township to John F. Gulden, 90 acres, at $28 per acre.

A farm of 182 acres belonging to the estate of Samuel Wagner, deceased, was sold on Saturday to John Krug for $2,007, and a farm of 109 acres to the widow, Elizabeth Wagner, at $24.10 per acre.

Emma C. Palmer, administratrix of the estate of C. E. Palmer, deceased, sold the farm in Mountjoy township, 56 acres, to Louisa Palmer, for $2,821.31.

The heirs of Baltzer Snyder have sold the property in Mountjoy township to Joshua L. Hahn for $1,800.

FOR SALE.—A double bester. Apply to Mrs. Tinges, Baltimore street, next to Codori's Drug Store. 1t*

WANTED—A man to take charge of a farm of 240 acres, on April 1st. Fair wages paid. Address
Box 63, Gettysburg, Pa.

New lot of Blankets at Dougherty & Hartley's. Prices start at 49 cents, up to $6.00 per pair. s5.2t

We show an unequal variety of material in the newest shades and designs for Fall Clothing. J. D. LIPPY, Tailor. 1t

LADIES' Golf, Plush, Astrakan and Cloth Capes and Jackets now ready for early buyers at DOUGHERTY & HARTLEY'S. s5.2t

JUST received at Dougherty & Hartley's a new lot of ladies' jackets. No two styles alike. Prices way below usual and range from $3.50 to $13.50. s5.2t

Red Hot From The Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman, of Newark, Mich., in the Civil War. It caused horrible Ulcers, that no treatment helped for 20 years. Then Bucklen's Arnica salve cured him. Cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Boils, Felons, Corns, Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. 25c a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by S. J. Codori, Druggist. 3

HAVING rented and taken charge of the Globe Hotel I would solicit a continuation of its former patronage.
a29.2t* LEWIS RAMER.

THE LAST DAY FOR REGISTRATION IS THURSDAY, SEPT. 7TH.

Miscellaneous.

ON Saturday Sheriff Miller sold the David B. Sprenkle farm, 111 acres improved, in Huntington township, to William G. Lese for $100, subject to a mortgage of $1,200.

THE Presbytery of Carlisle will meet in the Presbyterian church, Gettysburg, on Tuesday, Sept. 26th. It is expected that about 75 members will be in attendance.

PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE will open on Thursday. The number of students in attendance will be about the same as last year.

ST. FRANCIS XAVIER parochial school will open next Tuesday. It will be in charge of Sisters of Charity from Emmitsburg.

WHILE Mrs. Cornelius Dougherty, of Carlisle street, was going down the cellar steps yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock she slipped and fell to the cellar floor, a distance of about 6 feet. Her face struck against a stone at the bottom of the stairway, breaking her lower jaw on the right side. Dr. Stewart was called in and rendered the necessary aid.

As Park Noel, night watchman, was making his rounds last Tuesday night he discovered a man in one of the freight cars, and, on suspicion, locked him up. On Wednesday, in the course of a conversation with Chief of Police Geo. Gordon, the man gave his name as John Zook and said that he had been an inmate of the Insane Department of the Alms-house at Carlisle. Mr. Gordon immediately telegraphed to Supt. J. D. Mohler, of the Alms-house, that place, and found that Zook made his escape on Friday, August 25th. He was returned to Carlisle on Thursday, Chas. H. Wilson taking him over.

As a donation to the Public Schools, Miss Lena Kalbfleisch has added to the school library 45 interesting volumes on travel and exploration. The library now contains 491 volumes.

ELIAS FISSEL is negotiating for the lease of the Central Hotel, but the arrangements have not as yet been completed.

THERE will be Quarterly Meeting at the Methodist Episcopal church next Sunday. The pastor will preach and administer the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper at the morning service beginning at 10.30. The usual Quarterly collection will be lifted. Rev. H. N. Minnigh, of Altoona, will preach in the evening at 7.30. Love-feast at 2 p. m. Sunday school at 9.15 a. m. Epworth League at 6.30 p. m.

MRS. MARGARET DEVAN, commonly called "Aunt Mag Craig," a colored woman widely known as a fortune-teller, died at her home on W. Middle street on Friday. She was aged 66 years and 5 months. For many years she lived along the pike above Cashtown.

REGULAR services in the Reformed church will be resumed next Sunday.

THE Rev. L. F. Baker, of Harrisburg, will preach in the chapel of the Prince of Peace on Thursday evening. Services at 7.30 o'clock.

THE property of the people who have been giving nightly entertainments on Springs Avenue under the name of the Pancoast Remedy Co. is in the hands of Constable Geiselman, of the 2d ward, subject to proceede on a foreign attachment.

ABOUT 100 tickets were sold for York this morning.

MRS. H. E. MONROE, of Philadelphia, will give her entertainment entitled "The Story of the Reformation," under the auspices of Christ's Lutheran church C. E. society, Oct. 2d and 3d; place to be announced later.

At the semi-annual election of Union Encampment, No. 126 I. O. O. F., held last night, the following officers were selected: C. P., L. H. Stallsmith; H. P., J. H. Colliflower; S. W., Dr. J. W. Tudor; J. W., Wm. B. Gilbert; Trustee, C. S. Speece, and Representative to Grand Encampment, Geo. F. Young.

A CHRISTIAN Endeavor rally will be held on Saturday, Sept. 23rd, in Hartman's Grove, at Two Taverns. An excellent program is being prepared. There will be a number of addresses and good music. Meetings will be held from 10 a. m. to 12 m. and from 2 to 4 p. m. Refreshments of all kinds can be had on the grounds. Everybody welcome.

OFFICER GEO. GORDON arrested on Saturday two men who came here with the Lebanon excursion for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. They were released when sober.

ROBERT WALKER yesterday morning shot a fish hawk on the McPherson farm on Marsh creek, which measured 4 feet, 3 inches from tip to tip of the wings.

The Hand of Death.

Rev. William E. Main, a graduate of Gettysburg Theological Seminary in 1889, died Saturday morning at the home of his father, John D. Main, in Hagerstown, of cerebral congestion and typhoid fever, aged 32 years. He was taken ill five weeks ago while attending the Chautauqua at Mount Gretna, Pa. He was born in Woodsboro, Frederick county, Maryland, in 1867. He graduated at Roanoke College, Salem, Va., in 1886, with high honors, taking the Greek medal. He graduated from the Lutheran Theological Seminary at Gettysburg, Pa., in 1889, in which year he was ordained a minister by the Maryland Lutheran Synod. His first charge was in Pittsburg and Allegheny City, Pa. He taught elocution in Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, and Wittenburg College, Springfield, Ohio.

Mrs. Peoples (*nee* Miss Saltzgiver) formerly of this county, died in Harrisburg on Sunday, aged 72 years, 7 months and 1 day. The remains will be interred here on Wednesday.

Gettysburg's Public Schools.

The Public Schools opened yesterday with an attendance of 424.

The first overflow school taught by Miss McAllister, has been removed to Meade Building. It will relieve the C Grammar and the 2nd Intermediate Schools. The second one taught by Miss Wertz, will relieve the 1st Intermediate and the 3rd Primary Schools.

It may be well for patrons to understand exactly what the overflow school is. This school does not change the grade, but is created only to lessen the number of pupils in grades that are too full. Exactly the same work is done in the overflow as in the regular school. Pupils are not handicapped by being put into the overflow, and parents can help the schools a great deal by cheerfully submitting to the classification. On the contrary the overflow school may have an advantage for the pupil in the fact of the classes being smaller, for smaller classes means more of the personal attention of the teacher.

School Teachers.

Those Who Will Teach in Adams County During the Term Just Beginning.

The names of the schools of Adams county and the teachers for the present term are as follows. For the information we are indebted to County Superintendent H. M. Roth:

Arendtsville.
No. 1—I. L. Taylor.
" 2—H. C. Lady.

Bendersville.
No. 1—J. Louis Sowers.
" 2—E. L. Grammar.

Berwick Borough.
No. 1—J. W. Thomas.
" 2—H. F. Heilman.

Berwick Twp.
Beaver Creek—Carrie M. Thoman.
Walnut Grove—M. L. Slothour.
Green Springs—G. M. Haar.

Butler.
Biglerville No. 1—G. R. Thomas.
Sunny Side—N. G. Thomas.
Center Mills—C. B. Mellheany.
Bridge—F. R. Bushey.
Table Rock—P. C. Miller.
Grape Vine—Zulu Deatrick.
Pine Grove—Sarah Spangler.
Clear Spring—Katie Halderman.
Biglerville Primary—Mrs. Minnie Sealy

Conewago Ind.
Conewago Ind.—E. S. Woll.

Conewago.
Sand Hill—C. H. Richter.
" "—Mellie Eisenhart.
Locust Grove—H. S. Riegle.
Swartz's—E. J. Herr.

East Berlin.
High School—M. N. Wehler.
Second " —L. Chatfelter.
Primary " —Nettie Jacobs.

Franklin.
No. 1—Charles Landis.
" 2—Chester Low.
" 3—H. L. Harbaugh.

Franklin.
Cashtown—C. B. Carbaugh.
Flohr's—Eva G. Hartman.
Mt. Vernon—Alice A. Miller.
Rocky Grove—Ellen Deardorff.
Vandykes—Daniel C. Jacobs.
Paradise—Grace M. Minter.
Sheely's—C. L. Hartman.
Bingaman's—Edw. W. Hartman.
Scotts'—William Rife.
Brady's—E. Cecil Stover.
Mummasburg—J. Calvin Lady.
Poplar Spring—Grace Deardorff.
Stransburg's—John C. Orr.
Newman's—Chas. C. Weaner.
Hall's—Malissa Smelser.

Freedom.
Moritz—J. Mervin Plank.
McCleary's—Edgar N. Rhodes.
Mellhenny's—H. W. Keitel.

Germany.
Oak Grove—W. H. Sharetts.
Mt. Vernon—O. S. Harner.
Ash Grove—John A. Bish.
Mt. Pleasant—C. F. Palmer.
Slate Ridge—Laura M. C. Parr.

Gettysburg.
High School—J. D. Hunter, Principal.
" "—Helen Cope, Assistant.
A. Grammar—Anna M. Blake.
B. " —Hattie B. McGrew.
C. " —Lizzie B. Rummel.
2nd Intermediate—Ida E. Sheads.
1st " —Mrs. Mary E. Wible.
1st Primary—Alice C. Powers.
2nd " —Amber L. Diehl.
3rd " —Sadie A. Schriver.
Primary Intermediate—Luella McAllister.
Extra Primary—Julia Wertz.
Colored School—Mrs. Sallie Stewart.
Substitute—Lulie Baseboar.

Hamiltonban.
Station—Drucie King.
Furnace—B. J. Reed.
Union—Goldie Mickley.
Track—Grant Bigham.
Mt. Pleasant—Charles Barton.
Cold Spring—Robert McCleaf.
Pine Hill—Norman Walter.
Fountaindale—Charles Shully.
West Fairfield—Wilson Hummelbaugh.
Mt. Hope—Lilian Finefrock.
Orrtanna—W. H. Smith.

Hampton Ind.
Hampton Ind.—G. Allen Yohe.

Highland.
Glenwood—Amanda E. Bennett.
Quarry—Samuel Hershey.
Church—John Snyder.
Locust Grove—Elizabeth Stoner.

Latimore.
Bragtown—D. F. Smith.
Church—H. P. Troup.
Wolford's—Minnie Stambaugh.
State Road—C. B. Gardner.
Dushey's—A. L. Breaman.
Blackberry—Laura Starry.
Harbold's—Harry E. Trostle.
Swamp—Sadie Boyer.

Liberty.
Valley—Grace Plank.
Miney Creek—Caroline Sparrow.
Tract—Lottie Baseboar.
Oak Grove—H. B. Topper.
Liberty Hall—E. E. Topper.
Grayson's—J. W. Hershey.

Littlestown Borough.
High—E. E. Taylor.
No. 2—David Sheely.
No. 3—Nedah Marks.
Primary—Lizzie Nicks.

McSherrystown.
No. 1—Bernardina Corrigan.
" 2—M. Adelaide Kuhn.

Menallen.
Excelsior—Amos Sheely.
Pleasant Dale—Pius Orner.
Beamer's—Daniel Hoffman.
Boyd's—Minnie B. Taylor
Wenk's—C. S. Rice.
Fairmount—Clara A. Myers.
Constitution—Frances Goldsborough.
Cottage Hill—D. F. Delap.
Pleasant Valley—Nellie Cashman.
Locust Grove—E. W. Cook.
Oak Grove—D. F. Delap.
West Point—Mary Baker.

Mountjoy.
Two Taverns—Mervin Wintrode.
White Run—Mary Benner.
Barr's—Anna Schwartz.
Pleasant Grove—Elizabeth Horner.
Horner's—Rosa Schwartz.
Spangler's—John Black.
Fairview—Jacob Appler.

New Oxford.
No. 1—D. U. Ruff.
" 2—May E. Gardner.
" 3—Minnie Lau.

Oxford.
Red Hill—Howard Slagle.
Clear View—Mary Waltman.

Reading.
Oakwood—Alma G. Rice.
Hoover's—John C. Myers.
Stouffer's—J. A. Slothour.
Hollinger's—P. G. Duncan.
Baker's—Florence A. Richter.
Germany—Elliard Chronister.
Round Hill—Denton J. Brown.

Straban.
Hunterstown—H. G. Deatrick.
Pines—L. Florence Wirt.
Woodside—Ella M. Yeagy.
Good Intent—Geo. W. Golden.
Fairview—Annie H. Major.
Rocky Grove—W. C. Storrick.
Round Top—Carrie B. Miller.
New Chester—J. A. Taughinbaugh.
Hunterstown—Jennie C. Taughinbaugh.
Moritz—Eva M. Boyer.

Tyrone.
Oak Grove—S. K. Hartman.
Belmont—S. May Yeatts.
Five Points—C. M. Stouffer.
Hoidlersburg—Frank Breman.
Idaville—Estella M. Sterner.
Cranberry—Lola E. Wierman.
Gardner's—M. O. Brame.
Mountain View—Mrs. J. L. Sowers.

Union.
Centre—Claude Lefevre.
Felty's—J. E. Benner.
Valley Grove—Samuel Bair.
Pleasant Hill—Artie Wildesin.
Chestnut Hill—Corvin Henry.
Schibert's—W. W. Eisenhart.
Pine Grove—Annie Lefevre.

Reports of the following townships have not yet reached Prof. Roth.

Hamilton.
Chas Decker, Ernest Jacobs, H. M. Harr and John Shadle.

Huntington.
G. B. Linah, Mollie Miller, H. F. Smith, C. M. Weigle, Bruce Weakly, Owen Underwood, Margaret Elliott, Emma L. Wierman, Pearle Wonner and Amos Bennet.

Mountjoysant.
Alice Little, Frank Hemler, J. Z. Rudisill, M. Grace Stock, J. E. Hemler, G. F. Hemler, Eva Stock, Gussie Hoffheins, Dollie Beamer, Rosa Strayer and R. N. Heltzel.

Cumberland.
Geo. Black, Katie Witherow, Bertha Sherfy, Carrie V. Sherfy, Hattie V. Bream, Mamie McDonnel, Howard Bream, Effie Williams and Edna Schriver.

THE firm of Davis & Co. has received 50 cases of fine shoes for ladies, men and children, for fall wear. Call and see them.

Court Business.

CRIMINAL MATTERS.

In the Com. vs. John T. Weikert, Hannah Miller prosecutrix, defendant was found guilty on the charges of assault and battery and indecent assault. Motion for a new trial made.

In Com. vs. Samuel J. Baker, Margaret Bigham prosecutrix, the defendant was found guilty as indicted on the charges of forgery and obtaining money under false pretenses. Motion made for a new trial.

In Com. vs. Asa Cullison not a true bill was found, county to pay costs.

In Com. vs. Kate Cook not a true bill, county to pay costs.

In Com. vs. John Branner not a true bill, prosecutrix, Mary A. Branner, to pay costs.

In. Com. vs. P. A. Sowers not a true bill, county to pay costs.

In Com. vs. Mark Jordan the defendant was found not guilty, costs to be divided between the defendant and the prosecutor, J. A. Sowers.

In Com. vs. Elizabeth Goswald, surety of the peace, Sarah A. Keller prosecutrix, defendant plead guilty and was sentenced to pay the costs and enter into a recognizance to keep the peace.

In Com. vs. W. D. Eldred, assault and battery, John A. Albert prosecutor, not a true bill was found, prosecutor to pay the costs.

In Com. vs. Ida Eldred not a true bill was found.

In Com. vs. James W. Gilbert, breaking prison and escape, defendant plead guilty.

In Com. vs. George Aughinbaugh, larceny, receiving stolen goods and breaking prison and escape, defendant plead guilty.

The prisoners were sentenced as follows:

George Aughinbaugh to four months in jail, Court reserving the authority to discharge prisoner upon his securing employment.

James W. Gilbert to ten days in jail.

Keziah Cuff and Elizabeth Cuff to pay costs of prosecution.

Report of viewers on road in Freedom township from a point in road leading from the Emmitsburg road to the Bullfrog road confirmed *nisi* to the width of 28 feet.

Jacob B. Routzong, Ezra Carson and D. P. Delap, all of Bendersville, were appointed re-viewers of road in Straban township, beginning at a point on the line of lands of Benjamin Eicholtz and Uriah Wagner.

Hon. John R. Bittinger, guardian of Irvin W. Harman, discharged.

Sanford Metz, administrator of the estate of Eliza Metz, deceased, discharged.

William N. Black, administrator of estate of Jane F. Wright, deceased, discharged.

S. S. Neely, Esq., guardian of Irvin W. Harman, granted permission to pay ward $170 for maintenance.

IN THE COMMON PLEAS.

Subpoena in divorce awarded in the proceedings of John F. Starner vs. Elizabeth Starner.

Application of St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church, of McSherrystown, for charter, approved.

Petition of Directors of the Poor for authority to sell real estate in Berwick borough, known as the Houdeshell property, to William J. Ollinger, for $265, granted.

J. Edw. Schriver, assignee of John K. McIlhenny, discharged.

A Philippine Map.

Samuel Linah, a member of Co. D, 12th U. S. Infs., now stationed at San Fernando, P. I., has sent to J. L. Sheads, his brother-in-law, a map showing the plan of Cavite, Manila, Morong, Bulacon and Pampanga Provinces, covering the entire scope of the American operations from the time of their occupation to May 1st, 1899. Mr. Linah first fought in the Cuban campaign and sailed for Manila on Feb. 12th, 1899. He is well known here and would have been a graduate of the High School last June had he remained at home. The map is on exhibition in the window of Mr. Sheads' cigar store.

Mr. Sheads also has a New York paper of April 15th, 1865, giving an account of the assassination of President Lincoln and his death.

For The Compiler.

An Old Landmark.

On Sept. 7, 1899, the old homestead known as "Cross Keys," owned at present by Misses Margaret S. and Bessie I. Gitt, located in the county of Adams one and a half miles east of New Oxford, will reach the century mark as the property of the Gitt family.

It was bought at sheriff's sale in 1793 by William Gitt, great-grandfather of the present owners, for his son Henry, grandfather of the present owners.

Henry Gitt took possession and opened an Inn in 1809. There being no railroads then, it became a very useful and well-known place to travelers.

It is located 187 miles from Pittsburg, 103 miles from Philadelphia, 24 miles from Carlisle and 48 miles from Baltimore. It doubtless was named "Cross Keys" because of the intersection of the two pikes, viz: The Philadelphia and Pittsburg and the Baltimore and Carlisle. At the death of Henry Gitt it became by inheritance the property of his son, Edmund Gitt, after whose death about a year ago, it became again by inheritance the property of his daughters, Margaret S. and Bessie I. Gitt.

Glancing over this brief history it will readily be seen that this property has been in the Gitt name for a century, having descended by inheritance to the present owners who belong to the fourth generation. Two generations were born and bred there. Part of the present house has never been rebuilt since its purchase in 1799. The property was then located in York county.

G. A. R. PEOPLE HERE.

The following G. A. R. people were in town Saturday and Sunday on their way to Philadelphia: Veteran Association 5th N. Y. Vol. Inft., Duryee Zouaves, about 100 strong, at City Hotel; Kelley Post No. 26, of Derby, Conn.; part of Iowa State G. A. R., and Palmers Continentals, of Elmira, N. Y., at Hotel Gettysburg; Headquarters people of Illinois State G. A. R., in charge of Aaron Walcott, Dept. Commander; part of Iowa State G. A. R., and Merriam Post No. 8, of Meridan, Conn., 175 strong, at Eagle Hotel; Illinois delegation, 100 strong, at Pitzer House; Post 125 N. Y. Vol., at Globe, and parts of delegations at Washington House and the Central.

A band accompanied Merriam Post and gave entertainments during their stay.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globule of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by S. J. Codori. 3

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.—Private Sale of Store Goods and Fixtures.—Desiring to retire from business, the owner offers for sale the goods and fixtures of a store doing one of the best businesses in the town, on easy terms. For further information address P. O. Box 71, Gettysburg, Pa. a29.tf

FOR SALE.—A fine French coach driving mare; time, 2.30. Also a good Dayton wagon and good harness. G. WM. MILLAR, E. Middle St., Gettysburg, Pa. a29.4t*

The One Day Cold Cure.

Cold in head and sore throat cured by Kermott's Chocolates Laxative Quinine. As easy to take as candy. "Children cry for them."

For sale by H. S. BENNER

Bream Family Re-union.

Sixty members of the Bream family, descendants of the late Francis Bream, held their second annual family re-union on the meadow at the home place, "Marsh Creek Farm," now owned by Robert S. Bream, last Friday afternoon. All of the six sons, Henry L., of Cashtown

The Compiler.

Gettysburg, Pa., Tuesday, Sept. 5, 1899.

FARM NOTES.

PROFIT FROM COWS---FOOD FOR GROWING STOCK.

It is estimated that the cost of a cow for one year, for food alone, is about $25. This amount she must return to her owner before she can make any profit, and yet there will remain the cost of the labor and shelter, for which she will pay with the manure, as it possesses value as well as the milk. If the farmer cannot get enough from the cow to pay for the food she eats he will keep her at a loss. At $25 per year the cost is about seven cents per day. The price of the milk in market will determine the value of the cow. If she produces 2,500 quarts in a year the cost will be one cent per quart. If she produces over that quantity the cost of each quart will be reduced. All cows cannot be kept for one year at so low a cost, but as there must be an expense for the cow, whether she proves valuable or not, the dairyman should seek the best to be had in order to reduce the cost of the product. He can only do so by using similar breeds, for if he steps outside and resorts to the open market in order to purchase his cows, instead of raising them, he will incur the liability of adding inferior animals to his herd.

Straw is added to the barnyard manure owing to its abundance, but straw can be made more serviceable if cut up with the feed cutter before used. While straw may soon rot after being mixed with manure, yet in the fine condition it is a much better absorbent and can be forked into the manure to advantage. When loading and spreading manure on the soil there is a saving of labor when handling that which is fine, and the manure will be more valuable because the loss of ammonia will be arrested by the use of suitable absorbent materials.

It is claimed that when a farmer endeavors to secure an all purpose cow he fails to have one that is good for a single purpose. Just as soon as two breeds of animals are crossed the result is progeny that is inferior to both parents. A breed of cattle adapted for beef production cannot be improved with a breed adapted for milk and butter production. It is better to use each breed for what it is intended, as it will excel in one line only, being destroyed if bred with some other breed.

Wheat is easily cleaned, but when it is desired for seed too much care cannot be given it in examining for the seeds of weeds. All important grains should also be removed. An agreeable experiment can be made by any farmer who will select 100 plump seeds and plant them in a row, placing the seeds a foot apart each, then cultivating the row. If the product is measured next year and compared with the ordinary yield from seed that is drilled in for field culture, the comparison will cause a surprise, as the yield from the cultivated row will be four times that from the same area selected in the regular crop. The experiment will take but little time and will cost but a trifle.

If the strawberry bed has been overrun by grass and weeds the best thing to do is to burn the bed over late in the fall, and next spring the strawberry plants will get a good start. The weeds and grass will render any strawberry bed useless and unprofitable if something is not done to give the strawberry plants an opportunity to get ahead in the spring. Mulching will also be serviceable on the bed.

When animals are growing there is a larger proportion of mineral matter required in the food than when they are matured. Grain contains very little lime which is essential to the formation of bone. Dams that are expected to produce young must be fed foods that will assist in the work expected of them as producers of young stock. Bran, linseed meal, and clover hay are more suitable for such animals than grain, and should be added to the ration. Corn is the cheapest of all foods for promoting the formation of fat, but even in that case it gives the best results when the entire ration is of a varied character.

Sawdust can be prepared in a manner to be used as an excellent preventive against lice in poultry houses and to keep flies from stables. Dissolve as much powdered naphthaline in a gallon of kerosene as it will take, permitting it to stand a few days in order to allow time for the naphthaline to become well incorporated with the kerosene. Sprinkle the sawdust with the solution, using it plentifully on the sawdust. With the hand throw the sawdust on the floor of the stalls or wherever it may be needed.

Those who sell butter and eggs to the country stores receive the same prices for good butter or large eggs as are paid for the same articles not so good. The reason is that the country merchant sells in bulk and sends all kinds together, very frequently compelling farmers to take pay in trade. The only way to get good prices is to study the markets, sell only choice articles, and know to whom to ship.

For a farmer to begin gardening with several varieties of each kind of vegetable is to fail with some, as farmers do not, as a rule, give much attention to gardening. About one-half of the varieties in many seed catalogues could be eliminated with advantage. If the garden is to be a specialty next year mow off the grass and weeds, burn the ground over to destroy the seeds, and plow the land in the fall, applying manure liberally, and then harrowing it in. Next spring plow the garden again and use only a few varieties of each vegetable, selecting such as may be supposed to be the best. The fall is the time to prepare the garden plot, so as to expose it to the action of the frosts in winter.

The Cure that Cures
Coughs, Colds, Grippe,
Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is
OTTO'S CURE
The GERMAN REMEDY
Cures throat and lung diseases.
Sold by all druggists. 25&50cts
Sold by L. M. Buehler, Gettysburg; J. G. Stover, Bendersville; E. M. Stevens, Biglerville; Rex & Blair, Aspers.

Our Semi-Annual
—SIXTY DAY—
CLEARANCE SALE!

DURING August and September we shall endeavor to clear up everything in the line of Spring and Summer Goods of all descriptions.
In order to bring about this effect the very
Lowest Prices Will Prevail.
Our goods are all new and when we offer bargains it isn't old style goods that was the fad years ago, but strictly up to date goods. A few prices we quote:
Lion and Arbuckle Coffee, 10c per lb.
17 lbs. Best Granulated Sugar $1.00.
Summer Dress Goods, Underwear, Crash and Straw Hats and Caps
—UNDER COST.
Percale, Madras and Silk Bosom Shirts.
Walking Shoes in TANS or BLACKS.
Ladies' High Cut in BLACK or TAN 99c. Worth $1.25
Good Calico 4 and 5c. Outing Cloth 4 and 5c.
Bargains in Dress Goods.
Goods are advancing, yet we prefer to get new each season.
THE ABOVE PRICES FOR SIXTY DAYS ONLY.
Highest Market Price Paid for Produce.
E. M. STEVENS.
BIGLERVILLE, PA.
Aug. 1, '99, 2m.

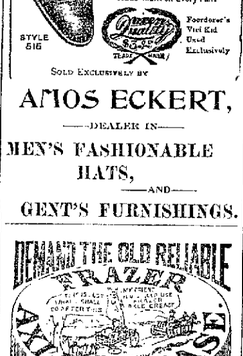
Subscribe For "The Compiler."

Bill-Heads, Statement, Letter Heads, Envelopes, Cards, Shipping-Tags and all KINDS of Commercial Printing Done Neatly and Cheaply at the **Compiler Office.**

high authority!
DR. S. WEIR MITCHELL is authority for the statement that nervousness is the characteristic malady of the American nation, and statistics show that nerve deaths number one-fourth of all deaths recorded, the mortality being mainly among young people.
Johnston's Sarsaparilla
QUART BOTTLE.
is the grand specific for this great American disease, because it goes straight to the source of the weakness, building up health and strength by supplying rich, abundant food and pure blood to the worn-out tissues, rousing the liver to activity and regulating all the organs of the body.
"The Michigan Drug Co.," Detroit, Mich.
Livercine the famous little liver pills. 25c.
For sale by H. S. Benner.

AN IMPORTANT TEST.
Your Life May Be Prolonged by Applying It.
Do you realize the importance of the Kidneys and Bladder? when diseased they make a lot of trouble—tear down the system and create gravel (stone in the Bladder). Women often suffer from so-called "female weakness" when they may be really living with the Kidneys and Bladder. Try this test. Put some urine in a tumbler. Let it stand twenty-four hours. If there is a sediment, a cloudy or milky appearance, your Kidneys are sick. If you are obliged to urge often, especially during the night; if your urine stains linen, if you have scalding pains in passing it, if your back pains you, your Bladder and Kidneys are diseased, and you should at once take the greatest of all Kidney medicines, Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. It has cured the most distressing cases; it will cure you.
It corrects the bad effects of beer or whiskey, will cure old and chronic cases of Rheumatism and Dyspepsia and acts gently yet promptly on the Bowels. Favorite Remedy is sold for one dollar a bottle at all druggists.
You may have a trial bottle of Favorite Remedy with a pamphlet of valuable medical advice sent free by mail postpaid by sending your address to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y., and mentioning this paper. This is one of the best papers and we guarantee the genuineness of the above.

THE FAMOUS
Queen Quality Shoe
For Women.
Price $3.00.
In presenting "Queen Quality" we have placed before the Women of America a shoe of exceptional value for $3.00.
HIGHEST QUALITY
Of Material and Workmanship.
Made in thirty styles suitable for street, dress, home, or outing. For retaining their shape and fitting where others fail, they have no equal.
Trade-Mark on Every Pair.
STYLE 516
Foerderer's Vici Kid Used Exclusively
Sold Exclusively by
AMOS ECKERT,
—DEALER IN—
MEN'S FASHIONABLE HATS,
—AND—
GENT'S FURNISHINGS.



Mar. 7, 1899. 1y*

WITH MY EXPERIENCE OF OVER 15 YEARS IN THE Marble & Granite BUSINESS.
I offer to you this season the largest and most complete line of
MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, MARKERS, &c., kept anywhere in the County. This work is all new and of the latest designs, and from now on will be sold at a very small profit.
J. A. KNOUSS,
ARENDTSVILLE, PA.
Apr. 6, '98. tf

CHANGE OF FIRM!
HAVING again assumed entire control of the business lately conducted in the firm name of
ELLIOTT & HOUSER,
I would respectfully ask a continuance of past favors.
Honest Goods Honest Prices
FAIR DEALING
will characterize the business.
R. M. ELLIOTT,
HATS, SHOES and Gents. Furnishings,
Cor. Carlisle st. and Centre Sq.

—HOP LEE—
CHINESE LAUNDRY,
No. 10 Carlisle Street.
Collars and Cuffs done up in any style, with or without gloss; snow white and very stiff. All work done by hand, and not hard on the goods.
Give us a call. We try to please. Satisfaction guaranteed on all work done. Best pure tea for sale. He buys Ginseng Root.

The COMPILER —FOR THE— CAMPAIGN, 15 Weeks, for **15c**
STAMPS OR CASH ACCEPTED IN PAYMENT.

Subscribe for "The Compiler."

Farmers as Stockmen.

The problem of maintaining soil fertility is always a difficult one, and there is none that seems to me more interesting and important. For many years, says a writer in the *National Stockman*, I have watched with interest the methods of a few noted farmers in the eastern and central states who kept no live stock other than that necessary to furnish power for the farm, and who believed that their conditions were such that the question of maintaining fertility and securing income from their farms did not have aught to do with the keeping of stock. It was my hope that the problem would be worked out for the benefit of the many who do not want to graze or feed stock, but in the last few years, three, at least, of these gentlemen have become stockmen in a greater or less degree, and some of them now strongly advocate the purchase of nitrogenous feeding stuffs, coming out of other farmers' soil, for the maintenance of fertility, the strength of these feeding stuffs passing through the stables to the cultivated fields. When men of wide experience change their methods and go more and more into the business of stockmen, this question of the possibility of profitable agriculture without live stock becomes more prominent than ever. The experience of a short term of ten years appears not to be conclusive, and the man engaged in plain farming without stock, feels that there may be pitfalls ahead. When the claim has been made safe farming demands the feeding upon the farm of the crops of the farm so that the most of the plant food might be returned to the fields, I have wondered how a market for so much animal product could be expected. The use of a pencil quickly shows that such practice would lead to enormous overproduction of meat and dairy products. The production along those lines is already sufficiently great, and we are in a bad way surely if maintenance of fertility depends upon such a course. The advocates of this method usually add that the farmer should buy additional feed, in form of nitrogenous foods, to make good the loss occasioned by sale of stock and by necessary waste in converting food into manure. As a rule of universal adoption the plan is, of course, absurd.

Useful Hints.

The old-fashioned way of clarifying molasses, and it is probably as good as any, is to heat it over the fire, pouring in a pint of sweet milk for each gallon. The scum which arises should be taken off before it is broken by boiling.

Keep a little package of absorbent cotton in one of the sideboard drawers. If oil, milk or cream is spilled on a woolen dress or coat a bit of the cotton instantly applied will remove all traces of the stains.

If a child needs nourishment one of the simplest forms in which it can be taken is by the raw whites of eggs. These are nutritious and easily digested. The white is broken into a jar with what milk is desired and the two shaken thoroughly together. A pinch of salt may be added before drinking, if preferred.

To keep onions any length of time the tops and roots should be left on, but should be thoroughly dried before putting away. They will keep a long time any place in the barn where no rain can get to them, with a free circulation of air and not much light. They should not be piled more than three inches deep.

When your cane-seat chairs begin to wear out mend the break the best you can by weaving in cords, or, if very bad, replace with a piece of canvas securely tacked on; put on a generous layer of cotton batting or curled hair, and cover with a piece of any kind of upholstery goods, an embroidered pattern, crazy patchwork or a large "log-cabin" block. Finish the edge with furniture gimp, and fringe if desired. The back may be finished with a similar panel.

To polish your piano saturate a piece chamois skin in sweet oil and apply faithfully to every part. Then with a dry skin rub well, renewing the pieces as they become greased with the oil. It will require one hour or even longer, of constant rubbing to give it the gloss desired. For your walnut furniture take three parts of linseed oil to one part of spirits of turpentine. Put on with a woolen cloth, and when dry rub with woolen. The polish not only covers the disfigured surface but restores the wood to its original color and leaves a lustre upon the surface. Crude petroleum is very good for cleaning any kind of hard wood, and it is the cheapest furniture polish possible. To remove white marks from mahogany furniture rub the stains with a little sweet oil; wipe it off, then rub with a few drops of spirits of wine and polish with an old silk handkerchief.

A GOOD FURNITURE POLISH.

A splendid furniture polish, to use for either chairs or tables, can be made as follows: One ounce of bees wax scraped into half a teacupful of linseed oil, and gradually dissolved in turpentine to the thickness of cream. If a little of this is rubbed on the wood with a woolen cloth and then polished with a soft cloth, it will take a splendid gloss. The mixture can be also used upon leather or linoleum with equal success.

Manure is simply materials that have been softened and decomposed (digested) within the body of the animal. It is of no advantage to apply raw materials, such as bran and linseed meal, directly to the soil, though they are excellent fertilizers, as their value can be increased by feeding such articles to stock. Manure is made quickly by the animals, though the same thing occurs in the soil by a slower process. All that is not utilized by the animals in some increase of product, or for their support, comes back to the farmer for use on the land.

Blight is depriving the market of the best varieties of pears. The Bartlett is giving place to the Keifer, the latter being less liable to blight, but its fruit does not equal the Bartlett. Until some sure remedy is discovered for pear blight the Bartletts will become scarcer every year.

It will pay you to grow cow peas, pick the pods, and use the vines. About 25 bushels per acre can be secured on good land. Being very nitrogenous they make an excellent addition to the food of all kinds of stock if ground with corn.

LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Gettysburg Post Office August 29, 1899:
Miss Clara Harman, Mr. Edward L. Frey, Mr. Henry O'Hara, Mr. Martin Weaver, Mr. Michael B. Weaver and Mr. Fred Wolf.
Persons calling for the above should state that they were advertised.
GEO. F. YOUNG, Postmaster.

COMPLAINTS were made in Seattle, Wash., recently that the fire alarm system of the city was working very badly. Investigation of the boxes showed that "yellow jackets" had clogged many of them, by deposits of clay, which had hardened. The wasps had crawled through the keyholes and built their fireproof houses.

Subscribe for "The Compiler."

Out in Kansas
lives a happy wife. She writes: "I have used **Mother's Friend** before two confinements. The last time I had twins, and was in labor only a few minutes. Suffered very little." The reason why
Mother's Friend
does expectant mothers so much good is because it is an external liniment, to be applied upon the outside, where much of the strain comes. It helps because the pores of the skin readily absorb it, and it comes into direct contact with and is absorbed by the parts involved. Morning sickness is quickly banished, and nervousness is kept completely away. The sense of dread and foreboding is not experienced, even during labor itself. Confinement is short and almost without pain. Recovery is quick and sure. Best of all, **Mother's Friend** benefits the unborn just as much as the expectant mother, and when the little one comes it will be strong, lusty and healthy.
Druggists sell Mother's Friend for $1 a bottle.
Send for our free book on the subject, finely illustrated
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

Wholesale Liquor Store
Whiskeys, Wines, Brandies and Liquors
of all description at cheap prices according to quality.
NOTHING BUT PURE GOODS.
Whiskies of Especial Purity for Medicinal Purposes and Family Use.
HARRIS SMITH,
NO. 12 BALTIMORE STREET
Telephone No. 178.
Barrels for Sale at all Times. Orders Receive Prompt Attention.
July 4, '99. 6m

REUBEN H. CULP,
Dealer in
WALL PAPER.
Has a full line of
Paper For Sale.
ALSO
PAPERHANGING
done on short notice in a WORKMANLIKE MANNER.
Give him a trial.
York Street, 2nd Square.
Mar. 20, 1898.

C. C. SEFTON,
FASHIONABLE BARBER,
Baltimore St., near Middle
Razors, Strops, Perfumery, Soaps, &c. for sale in great variety. July 25, 1897. tf

Your PICTURE Taken
GET IT TAKEN AT THE
New Photograph Gallery,
IN THE M'PHERSON BUILDING
Baltimore Street, - - GETTYSBURG, PA.
PHOTOGRAPHS
Taken in all the latest styles
Special attention paid to children.
Crayons, Pastels, Water Colors and Sepiae
AT THE OLD STAND.
J. I. MUMPER.
Nov. 19, 1895. tf

Fall AND Winter Clothing.
JOSEPH JACOBS, THE TAILOR,
has just received a line of the finest goods for
Fall and Winter Clothing.
He has bought so as to sell at
Low Prices, and guarantees a good FIT and entire satisfaction.
Chambersburg Street, Second Square.

J. Geo. WOLF'S SONS,
LIMITED.
(Successor to J. Geo. Wolf & Sons.)
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GRAIN, FLOUR, SALT, FEEDS,
&c. Also a large assortment of
..LUMBER and COAL..
We wish for a continuance of all the old customers of the house and the public in general. We pay the cash for all our goods and WRESTLE FOR THE OASH. Oct. 17, 1898. tf

J. H. SANDERS & SON.,
BALTIMORE ST.
BUILDERS & MECHANICS' HARDWARE,
Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.
We are agents for the celebrated GENUINE ROYAL READY-MIXED PAINT, the best of all ready-mixed paints; one trial and you will use no other.
Saddlery and Carriage Hardware, Robes, Horse Blankets, House Furnishing Goods,
and a full and complete line of SHOVELS, HOES, FORKS, RAKES AND CHAINS, IRON AND STEEL.
All our goods have been bought for Cash and will be sold at rock bottom prices. Come in. May 8, 1894 tf

PLUMBING
Gas and Steam FITTING.
Gas Fixtures, Gas Stoves, Piping of all kinds
BATH TUBS AND FIXTURES.
Everything done in a workmanlike manner.
Agents for Furman Steam and Hot Water Boilers.
A share of the public patronage is solicited be
A. B. PLANK & BRO.
Shop on Stratton street, near W. M. R. R.

GO TO SCHOOL. BOARD $2.00 a week.
Tuition low. All books free. SITUATIONS GUARANTEED.
Over 50 Remingtons and Smith Premier typewriters. 324 students last year from 9 States. 5th year. Send for catalogue. Address, STRAYER'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, Department 83, Baltimore, Md.

THINK IT OVER. There's a reason for those pains in your back and sides, for those dull, dragging aches, that listless, "keep-away-from-me" feeling. The kidneys are to blame. They get sick, can't do their work and the whole system feels the effect, just as a whole town feels the effect of a blockaded sewerage system.
Doan's Kidney Pills
set matters right quickly and easily. They never fail, even in the most advanced stages of kidney disease.
Mrs. F. Johnson, of 139 South Mill street, New Castle, Pa., says:
"I have been an appreciator of Doan's Kidney Pills for three years. They relieved me speedily and effectually relieved me and I have had no trouble from my kidneys, except if I over-exert myself when I sometimes feel a slight pain in my back, but one or two doses of Doan's Kidney Pills quickly wards off the attack. I always keep them in the house. Mr. Johnson values his remedy as highly as I do. He was troubled with pains in his back and the frequent action of the kidney secretions which contained much sediment. All these difficulties were soon removed by this excellent remedy. It has been a source of gratification to me for the last four years to advise a trial of Doan's Kidney Pills whenever I knew of a case of kidney trouble."
Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

WILLIAMS' ARNICA AND WITCH HAZEL SALVE. SURE CURE for COLD IN THE HEAD CATARRH
and all SKIN ERUPTIONS—like Pimples, Black Heads, Rough Skin, Sunburn, and Tan. 25c per box by mail or from OUR AGENT. Williams Mfg. Co., Props., Cleveland, O.
For Sale by L. M. BUEHLER.

Record Your Deeds.

By examination of the late Act of the Legislature, approved May, 19th, A. D., 1893, it will be seen that all Deeds and Conveyances made and executed after the passage of this Act, *SHALL* be recorded in the office for the Recording of Deeds, etc. within ninety days or else be adjudged fraudulent and void as to any subsequent purchaser.
All persons holding unrecorded Deeds will see the importance of having them recorded without delay.
SIMON P. STOVER, Recorder.
sept. 4, '99.

Western Maryland R. R.
TAKING EFFECT JUNE 25, 1899.
BALTIMORE & HARRISBURG DIVISION.

	EASTWARD.				
Leave	a. m.			p. m.	
Hagerstown	7 02			2 05	
Edgemont	7 32			2 35	
Shippensburg	8 00				
Chambersburg	8 31			1 45	
Waynesboro	7 06	MIX.		2 17	
Highfield	7 50	11 35		2 50	
Emmitsburg	7 54	11 44		3 01	
Jack's Mountain	8 04	12 02		3 12	
Maria Furnace	8 13	12 15		3 20	
Fairfield	8 18	12 25		3 25	
Virginia Mills	8 18	12 29		3 26	
Orrtanna	8 23	12 41		3 33	
McKnightstown	8 28	12 51		3 38	
Seven Stars	8 32	1 01	p.m.	3 42	
Gettysburg	8 43	2 29	4 25	3 52	
Granite	8 53	2 42	4 45	4 02	
Guilden's	8 58	2 47	4 48	4 07	
Brush Run	9 00	2 59	4 53	4 09	
New Oxford	9 05	3 05	4 58	4 14	
Berlin Junction	9 09	3 14	5 02	4 18	
Hendrix	9 13	3 44	5 06	4 22	
Hanover	9 22	4 00	5 18	4 31	
Hmiths	9 30		5 21	4 39	
Porters	9 38			4 45	
Arrive					
York	10 12		6 00	5 00	
Emory Grove	10 48			5 01	
Baltimore	11 29			6 58	
	p. m.			p. m.	
Washington	1 25			15	
Philadelphia	2 20			9 54	
New York	4 58			12 38	

	WESTWARD.			
Leave	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	
New York	8 15		10 00	
Philadelphia	3 60	7 20	p. m. 1 12	
Washington		9 00	2 57	
Baltimore	7 22	10 17	3 32	
Emory Grove	8 20	11 15	4 15	
York	9 00	11 55	4 10	
		p. m.		
Porters	9 32	12 25	5 27	Mix
Smiths	9 36	12 31	5 32	a. m.
Hanover	9 46	12 37	5 36	6 00
Hendrix	9 52	12 44	5 42	6 02
Berlin Junction	9 59	12 51	5 50	6 15
New Oxford	10 08	12 51	5 55	6 21
Brush Run	10 08	12 56	6 00	6 31
Guilden's	10 13	1 01	6 05	6 41
Granite	10 18	1 08	6 07	6 46
Gettysburg	10 28	1 18	6 15	6 55
Seven Stars	10 37		6 20	8 32
McKnightstown	10 40		6 23	8 38
Orrtanna	10 46		6 27	8 37
Virginia Mills	10 52		6 45	9 01
Fairfield	10 56		6 46	9 10
Maria Furnace	10 59		6 51	9 15
Jack's Mountain	11 08		7 00	8 30
Carnahan	11 19		7 12	9 50
Highfield	11 25		7 17	10 00
Pen-Mar	11 32		7 24	
Edgemont	11 42		7 32	
Arrive	p. m.			
Waynesboro	12 02		7 52	
Chambersburg	12 39		8 28	
Shippensburg	1 06		8 55	
Hagerstown	12 10		8 05	
Williamsport	12 27		8 31	
Cherry Run	12 65		9 05	

NOTE—On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays train arriving at Gettysburg 1.18 p. m. will be run through to Pen-Mar, returning leave Pen-Mar 6.10 p. m.
On Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays leave Gettysburg for Hanover and intermediate stations 2.05 p. m.
Leave Hanover 9.19 a. m., Berlin Junction 10.00 a. m., Abbottstown 10.11 a. m., and arrive East Berlin 10.26 a. m. Leave Hanover 5.42 p. m., Berlin Junction 5.59 p. m., Abbottstown 6.08 p. m., and arrive East Berlin 6.22 p. m.
Leave East Berlin 8.35 a. m., Abbottstown 8.51 a. m., Berlin Junction 8.59 a. m., and arrive Hanover 9.19 a. m. Leave East Berlin 11.26 a. m., Abbottstown 11.41 a. m., Berlin Junction 11.55 a. m., and arrive Hanover 12.11 m.
FREDERICK DIV., F. R. R., trains, daily except Sunday, leave Hanover for Columbia and intermediate stations 8.35 and 10.45 a. m. and 2.30 and 4.33 p. m. Leave Hanover for Frederick and intermediate points 8.40 a. m. and 4.33 p. m. For Littlestown 8.35 p. m.
Passengers for and from Cherry Run and points on P. V. R. R. change at Rigglesville.
Tickets to all points West at Baltimore prices.
W. H. H. WISOTZKEY, Ticket Agent.

Cumb'rl'nd Valley R. R.
TIME TABLE
TAKING EFFECT DEC. 18, 1898.

LEAVE	2	4	8	10
	*AM	†AM	†AM	†PM	*PM
Winchester	7 30			3 30	
Martinsburg		9 15	11 35	3 17	
Hagerstown	6 45	9 00	12 20	4 05	6 20
Greencastle	7 06	9 22	12 42	4 25	6 40
Chambersburg	7 28	9 45	1 05	5 00	7 05
Shippensburg	7 48	10 05	1 24	5 25	7 25
Newville	8 05	10 22	1 41	5 41	7 42
Carlisle	8 26	10 40	2 06	6 05	8 06
Gettysburg	7	11 05	4 35		
Mechanicsburg	8 48	11 07	2 27	6 27	8 25
Ar. Harrisburg	9 00	11 25	2 45	6 35	8 45
	P M	P M	P M	P M	P M	A M
Ar. Phila	11 48	3 00	5 47	10 20	11 45	7 30
" New York	2 15	6 58	8 58	5 53	7 10	
	P M	P M	P M	P M	P M	A M

Additional trains will leave Carlisle for Harrisburg daily, except Sunday, at 5.20, 7.05, 7.30, 7.50 p.m., 3.40 p.m., 8.10 p.m., and from Mechanicsburg at 6.45, 7.25, 9.00 a.m., 1.05 p.m., 4.05 p.m., 5.25 p.m. and 9.55 p.m., stopping at Second street, Harrisburg, to let off passengers.
Trains Nos. 2 and 10 run daily between Harrisburg and Hagerstown.
* Daily.
† Daily except Sunday.

LEAVE	1	3	5	7	9
	P M	A M	A M	P M	A M
New York	7 05	12 10		8 05	2 10
Phila	11 20	4 30	8 50	12 25	6 25
	†	†	†	†	*
	A M	A M	A M	P M	P M
Harrisburg	5 00	8 05	11 40	3 00	7 55
Mechanicsburg	5 10	8 13	12 05	4 10	8 15
Gettysburg		10 18	1 55	6 00	
Carlisle	5 41	8 35	12 27	4 35	8 36
Newville	5 58	8 52	12 50	4 52	9 00
Shippensburg	6 22	9 18	1 10	5 16	9 17
Chambersburg	6 42	9 38	1 35	5 36	9 40
Greencastle	7 06	10 02	1 55	6 02	10 00
Hagerstown	7 38	10 30	2 17	6 27	10 20
Martinsburg	8 30	11 20		7 10	
Ar. Winchester	9 10	12 03		7 50	
	A M	P M	P M	P M	P M

Additional local trains will leave Harrisburg daily, except Sunday, for Carlisle and intermediate stations 8.35 a.m., 2.00 p.m., 5.30 p.m., 9.25 and 10.35 p.m., also for Mechanicsburg, Dillsburg and intermediate stations at 7.35 a.m. All of the above trains will stop at Second street, Harrisburg, to take on passengers.
Nos. 3 & 9 run daily between Harrisburg and Hagerstown.
* Daily.
† Daily except Sunday.
‡ Sundays will leave Philadelphia at 4.30 p.m.
Through coaches between Hagerstown and Philadelphia on trains 2 and 9 and between Winchester and Philadelphia on trains 4 and 7.
Tickets via this route, from or to Gettysburg, should read via Gettysburg Junction and the Cumberland Valley Railroad.
Connections for all stations on Cumberland Valley Railroad and Pennsylvania Railroad trains.
H. A. RIDDLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent. J. F. BOYD, Supt.

HOW TO STOP WORRYING.

THERE IS SAID TO BE A SURE WAY IF YOU WILL ONLY TAKE YOURSELF THINK SO.

"The usual way people set about stopping worry is a wrong one, writes Mary Boardman Page in the September *Ladies Home Journal*. "That is why it is so unsuccessful. If a doctor tells a patient he must stop worrying, the patient is likely to say impatiently: 'Oh, Doctor, don't I wish that I could! But I can't. If I could have stopped worrying a year ago I would not be ill now!'—all of which is probably perfectly true. And the doctor does not always know how to help him, because both doctor and patient have an idea that it is possible to repress worry through an effort of the will. This is a mistake. It is not possible to repress worry. You have got to replace it with something else.

"Let me illustrate this by a figure. Suppose you were to go into an extremely dark room, wishing it to be light. How would you set about the work? Would you try to scoop the darkness up in buckets and carry it out the door? Not at all. You would just open the windows and shutters and let in the blessed sunlight. You would replace the darkness with light. So it is with worry. The only possible way to get rid of it is to replace the worry attitude of mind with the non-worry attitude. And this can always be done when the person is sincere and patient in his desire to bring it about. All he has to do is to be passive and let Nature have her own perfect way with him."

Is the Kissing Bug a Myth?

In a paper read to the American Association for the advancement of Science at Columbus, Ohio, Professor Howard, a Washington entomologist, denied the existence of "any such distinctive insect as the alleged kissing bug." The damage ascribed to it is the work, he affirms, of a few well-known insects, namely, bedbugs and mosquitoes. There are six bugs in the United States whose bites might produce the effect described by the newspapers at the beginning of the present silly season, but they are all probably innocent of the crimes with which the kissing bug is charged. It is only when the effect of the bite of the commonplace bedbug and pugnacious mosquito is more serious than usual that the kissing bug is invoked. Nor are spider bites as serious as commonly represented. There is only one spider in this country, according to Dr. Howard, whose bite is a serious affair. It may be that this spider is of the same family with or related to the *lathrodectes tredecimpuntatus*, sometimes called the black wolf (Karakurd) of Russia. This poisonous spider, which attacks the lips and the tongue of cattle on the steppes, annually kills stock to the value of millions of roubles. Its bite may be fatal to man if not properly treated, the effect being similar to that of snake poison. In Southern Europe and North Africa, where it also occurs, it is known by the name of malmignatte. Possibly it has found its way into this country along with some of our importations and has been on duty of late as a "kissing bug."

BUMP THEIR HEADS.

The Negritos in the Philippines, writes George E. Stanford in *Self Culture*, have a curious marriage system. When a young man makes known his preference the young woman flees from him, while he gives chase and catches her in his arms. She struggles and frees herself, whereupon the chase is renewed, and so on until he has caught her the third time, when she yields, and he proudly leads her back to her father's dwelling. The father and mother of the bride-elect then meet the contracting parties, the latter kneeling side by side. The father then takes some water in a cocoanut shell and throws it over them. Continuing the ceremony, he takes each by the neck and bumps their heads together several times, and they are then adjudged to be duly married. A wedding tour of five days' sojourn alone in the mountains follows, after which they take up their abode as staid citizens among their friends.

"Do you appreciate poetry?" asked the serious young woman. "Yes, indeed," answered Mr. Cumrox. "There's one piece of poetry that has done me a world of good. Old as I am, there are times when I couldn't tell how to figure without saving 'Thirty days hath September, April, June and November.'"—*Washington Star.*

"THE scoundrel old skinflint," he cried. "He broke off my engagement with his daughter."
"Opposed your suit, did he?"
"No, he didn't. He told her I was a model young man, and, of course, she lost interest in me the moment she found I didn't need the ennobling influence of woman to lift me up and spur me on to success."

The One Day Cold Cure.
For cold in the head and sore throat use Kermott's Chocolated Laxative Quinine, the "One Day Cold Cure."
For sale by H. S. BENNER.

BOBBY'S MAMMA—"Now, mind, Bobby, if they pass you the cake a second time at the party, you must say: 'No, thanks, I've had plenty.' And don't you forget it." Hostess (at the party)—"Won't Bobby have some more cake?" Bobby (who hasn't forgotten)—"Nope, thanks. I've had enough, an' don't you fergit it!"—*Cleveland Plain-Dealer.*

Cure Cold in Head.
Kermott's Chocolated Laxative Quinine, easy to take and quick to cure cold in head and sore throat.
For Sale by H. S. BENNER.

MARRY: GET a girl, GET her consent, GET a license, GET married; —THEN— Send us your name and address and we will send you the COMPILER one year free as a wedding present. This offer is good only to those who reside in Adams county, and to those who have married or will marry in 1899. A postal card will do the work. Address it to
The Compiler
Gettysburg, Pa.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance on MONDAY, the 18th day of SEPT., 1899, at 10 o'clock, a. m., viz:
295. First and final account of George H. Trostel and Barbara Myers, Administrators of the estate of Peter Myers, dec'd., late of the Borough of York Springs, Adams county, Pa.
296. First and final account of Clayton W. Strickhouser, Administrator of the estate of Wm. C. Strickhouser, dec'd., late of Butler township, Adams county, Pa.
297. The first and final account of Sam C. Stahle, Executrix of the will of Susan R. Brady, late of Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., dec'd.
SIMON P. STOVER, Register.
Aug. 22, 1899. td

CANCER IS DEADLY!

Results Fatally in Nine Cases Out of Ten—A Cure Found at Last.

This fearful disease often first appears as a mere scratch, a pimple, or lump in the breast, too small to attract any notice, until, in many cases, the deadly disease is fully developed.
Cancer can not be cured by a surgical operation, because the disease is a virulent poison in the blood, circulating throughout the system, and although the sore or ulcer—known as the Cancer—may be